CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS

REPORT ON THE EXAMINATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor
City of Northampton, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northampton, Massachusetts, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, (except for the Northampton Contributory Retirement System, which is as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006), which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Northampton, Massachusetts' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northampton, Massachusetts, as of June 30, 2007, (except for the Northampton Contributory Retirement System, which is as of December 31, 2006), and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

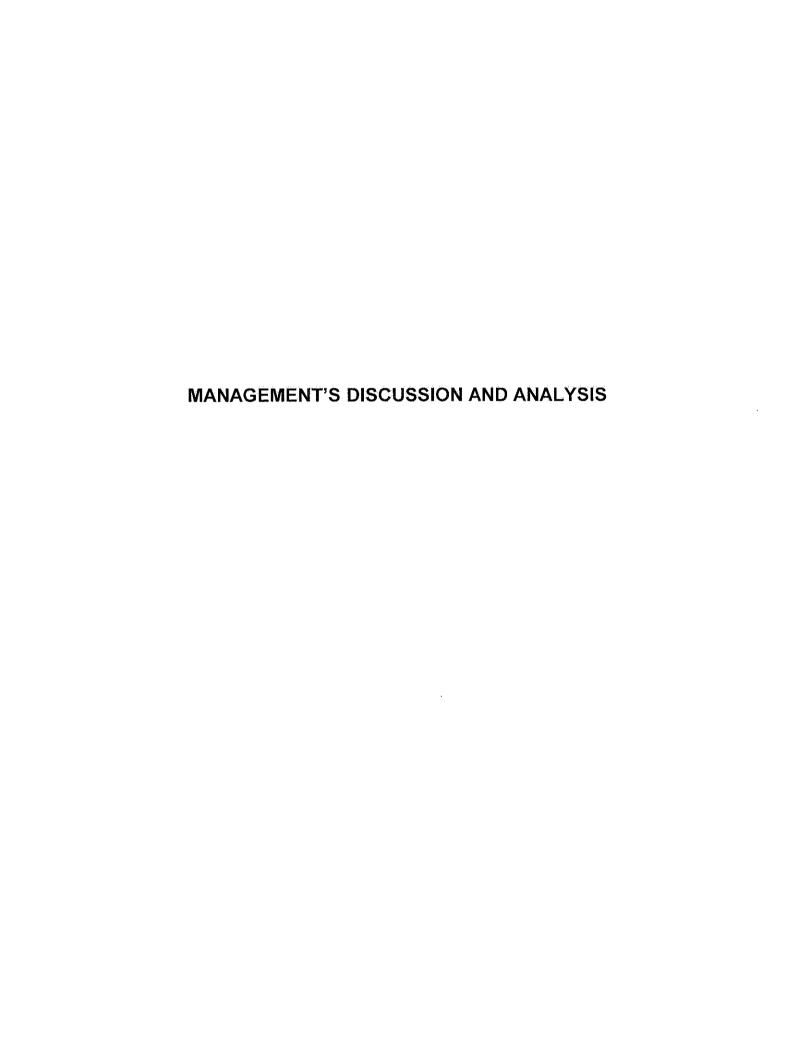
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 2, 2007, on our consideration of the City of Northampton, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the general purpose financial statements of the City of Northampton, Massachusetts, taken as a whole. The supplementary supporting statements listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of Northampton, Massachusetts. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's discussion and analysis, located on the following pages, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and therefore, express no opinion on it.

THOMAS J. SCANLON, Certified Public Accountant

South Deerfield, Massachusetts November 2, 2007



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Northampton, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$101,724,194 (net assets) for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$95,916,179 or an increase of \$5,808,015.
- Total net assets are comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$69,046,763 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Net assets of \$8,945,910 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as grantors, laws or regulations.
 - (3) Unrestricted net assets of \$23,731,521 represent a portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$17,348,559 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$14,257,091 showing an increase of \$3,091,468 during the current year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved/undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,707,535, or 3.62% of total General Fund expenditures including transfers and 3.64% of total General Fund revenues including transfers and capital lease.
- Total liabilities of the City increased by \$20,248,283 to \$89,020,710 during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Northampton's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works, education, health and human services, culture and recreation, employee benefits and insurance, state assessments and interest. The business-type activities include the sewer, water and solid waste activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Northampton itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate public employee retirement system for which the City of Northampton is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately within the fiduciary fund statements.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City of Northampton adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains three proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water and solid waste activities.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Statement of Net Assets Highlights

	Governmental Activities						
		2007		2006		Change	
Assets:		·					
Current assets	\$	28,099,551	\$	27,935,641	\$	163,910	
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital)		21,566,992		23,849,322		(2,282,330)	
Capital assets		69,386,026		64,194,305		5,191,721	
Total assets		119,052,569		115,979,268		3,073,301	
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities (excluding debt and lease)		4,589,766		4,988,725		(398,959)	
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt and lease)		2,097,333		1,930,075		167,258	
Current debt and lease payable		4,860,797		7,391,601		(2,530,804)	
Noncurrent debt and lease payable		37,301,060		33,689,241		3,611,819	
Total liabilities		48,848,956		47,999,642		849,314	
Net Assëts:							
Capital assets net of related debt		51,136,047		50,101,268		1,034,779	
Restricted		8,945,910		7,153,534		1,792,376	
Unrestricted		10,121,656		10,724,824		(603,168)	
Total net assets		70,203,613		67,979,626		2,223,987	

		Busine	ss-Type Activ	/itie	S
	2007		2006		Change
Assets:		<u> </u>		- :- ;	
Current assets	\$ 20,206	252 \$	13,454,788	\$	6,751,464
Capital assets	51,486	083	35,254,550		16,231,533
Total assets	71,692	,335	48,709,338		22,982,997
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities (excluding debt)	1,532,	382	405,702		1,126,680
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)	951	,463	1,039,369		(87,906)
Current debt	2,250	738	8,743,801		(6,493,063)
Noncurrent debt	35,437	171	10,583,913		24,853,258
Total liabilities	40,171	,754	20,772,785		19,398,969
Net Assets:					
Capital assets net of related debt	17,910	716	15,926,836		1,983,880
Unrestricted	13,609	865	12,009,717		1,600,148
Total net assets	31,520	,581	27,936,553		3,584,028

Financial Highlights

Statement of Activities Highlights

	Governmental Activities					
	2007	2006	Change			
	<u> </u>					
Program Revenues:	A 44 404 670	A 40 440 045	240.000			
Charges for services	\$ 11,161,973	\$ 10,449,045	\$ 712,928			
Operating grants and contributions	24,581,762	23,943,002	638,760			
Capital grants and contributions	3,677,716	2,575,082	1,102,634			
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	34,815,844	32,347,855	2,467,989			
Motor vehicle and other taxes	2,146,183	2,314,247	(168,064)			
Hotel room occupancy taxes	368,770	359,388	9,382			
Penalties and interest on taxes	202,872	259,840	(56,968)			
Nonrestricted grants and contributions	5,809,805	4,909,346	900,459			
Unrestricted investment income	800,878	605,181	195,697			
Miscellaneous	4,530	9,346	(4,816)			
Total revenues	83,570,333	77,772,332	5,798,001			
Expenses:						
General government	6,590,269	5,569,393	(1,020,876)			
Public safety	9,901,764	9 987 792	86,028			
Public works	3,778,604	4,631,313	852,709			
Education	36,104,663	33,901,717	(2,202,946)			
Health and human services	2,028,560	1,812,956	(215,604)			
Culture and recreation	2,544,899	3,450,348	905,449			
Employee benefits and insurance	19,147,772	18,133,103	(1,014,669)			
State assessments	2,131,790	2,092,756	(39,034)			
Interest	1,799,968	1,824,238	24,270			
Total expenses	84,028,289	81,403,616	(2,624,673)			
Contributions to Permanent Funds	14,800	9,294	5,506			
Transfers, net	2,667,143	2,589,948	77,195			
Change in net assets	2,223,987	(1,032,042)	3,256,029			
Net assets - beginning of year	67,979,626	69,011,668	(1,032,042)			
Net assets - end of year	\$ 70,203,613	\$ 67,979,626	\$ 2,223,987			

	Business-Type Activities						
	2007	2006	Change				
Program Revenues:	eg " '- '- inquisign	<u> </u>					
Sewer	\$ 4,079,092	\$ 3,865,406	\$ 213,686				
Water	4,266,033	3,996,082	269,951				
Solid Waste	3,637,669	3,539,926	97,743				
Total Revenues	11,982,794	11,401,414	581,380				
Expenses:							
Sewer	2,848,427	2,762,988	(85,439)				
Water	1,997,003	2,264,880	267,877				
Solid Waste	1,631,127	1,530,896	(100,231)				
Total expenses	6,476,557	6,558,764	82,207				
Unrestricted investment income	744,934	512,470	232,464				
Transfers, net	(2,667,143)	(2,589,948)	(77,195)				
Change in net assets	3,584,028	2,765,172	818,856				
Net assets - beginning of year	27,936,553	25,171,381	2,765,172				
Net assets - end of year	\$ 31,520,581	\$ 27,936,553	\$ 3,584,028				

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$101,724,194 at the close of FY 2007.

Net assets of \$69,046,763 (68%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of its related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the net assets \$8,945,910 (9%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* \$23,731,521 (23%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The governmental activities net assets increased by \$2,223,987 during the current fiscal year, which reflects the general fund's results of operations. This was mainly attributed to expenditures exceeding revenues by \$457,956, transfers in from the sewer, water and solid waste funds of \$2,667,143 and contributions to permanent funds of \$14,800.

There was an increase of \$3,584,028 in net assets reported in connection with the sewer, water and solid waste business-type activities. Of this, the sewer department incurred an increase of \$12,962 and was attributed to budgeting revenues sufficient to cover current operational costs by \$1,337,942, less transfers out to the general fund of \$1,324,980. The water department incurred an increase of \$2,118,304 and was attributed to budgeting revenues sufficient to cover current operational costs by \$2,678,667, less transfers out to the general fund of \$560,363. The solid waste department incurred an increase of \$1,452,762 and was attributed to budgeting revenues sufficient to cover current operational costs by \$2,234,562, less transfers out to the general fund of \$781,800.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,348,559. Of this year-end total, \$2,707,535 is the undesignated general fund balance, indicating availability for continuing City service requirements. Reserved and designated fund balances include \$1,955,497 committed to liquidate encumbrances and carried forward articles remaining from the prior year; \$627,606 in perpetual permanent funds; \$1,532,442 reserved for the 2008 budget; \$9,963,654 in special revenue funds; \$453,915 in capital projects funds; and \$107,910 in permanent funds.

The total ending fund balances of the governmental funds shows an increase of \$3,091,468 in comparison with the prior year. The increase is attributable to expenditures exceeding revenues by \$7,871,215, transfers in from the business-type activities of \$2,667,143, a capital lease for \$147,073 and proceeds from bonds of \$8,148,467.

Major Governmental Funds

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day operations. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved/undesignated fund balance of the general fund was \$2,707,535, while total fund balance reached \$4,713,032. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and revenues and transfers. Unreserved/undesignated fund balance represents 3.62% of total general fund expenditures including transfers and total fund balance represents 3.64% of total general fund revenues including transfers and the execution of a capital lease and total fund balance represents 6.33% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$313,127. Of this amount \$4,090,707 was attributed to the expenditures over revenues, \$71,905 of net transfers to the stabilization fund, \$1,035,269 of net transfers from the non-major funds, \$2,667,143 in transfers in from the business-type activities and \$147,073 from the execution of a capital lease.

The *stabilization fund* has accumulated a fund balance of \$3,375,702, or 4.52% of total General Fund expenditures including transfers and 4.53% of total General Fund revenues including transfers and the execution of a capital lease. These funds can be used for general or capital purposes upon City Council approval.

The fund balance of the stabilization fund increased by \$216,096. Of this amount \$144,191 was attributed to interest income, \$1,203,905 of transfers in from the general fund and \$1,132,000 out to the general fund. Please refer to Note 3H for additional information.

Proprietary funds. The proprietary funds statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status.

Major Proprietary Funds

The sewer fund is the financing and operations of the City's sewer system. The sewer fund shows an increase of \$12,962 in total operations, the result of operating revenues exceeding operating expenditures by \$1,392,378, interest income of \$107,277, interest expense of \$161,713 and \$1,324,980 of transfers to the general fund.

The water fund is the financing and operations of the City's water system. The water fund shows an increase of \$2,118,304 in total operations, the result of revenues exceeding expenditures by \$2,507,235, interest income of \$409,637, interest expense of \$400,687, intergovernmental revenue of \$162,482 and \$560,363 of transfers to the general fund.

The solid waste fund is the financing and operations of the City's solid waste system. The solid waste fund shows an increase of \$1,452,762 in total operations, the result of revenues exceeding expenditures by \$2,104,497, interest income of \$228,020, interest expense of \$97,955 and \$781,800 of transfers to the general fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final general fund budget for fiscal year 2007 was \$69,689,018. This was an increase of \$4,071,737 over the previous year's final budget.

There were negative variances in excise and other taxes and interest on taxes of \$19,711 and \$88,023, respectively attributed to estimating these amounts too high. This was more than offset by budgetary surpluses attributed primarily to property tax and tax title revenue plus accumulated interest of \$114,703, state receipts of \$99,941, licenses, permits and fees of \$282,083 and interest on investments of \$235,004. Overall, actual total revenue exceeded the budget by \$623,997.

During the year, the City Council voted increases totaling \$2,228,813 to the original budget. The increases are primarily attributed to veteran's service benefits for \$153,335, emergency generator for \$23,500, acquisition of conservation land for \$50,000, legal services of the planning department for \$15,000, oil for central services for \$50,000, sick leave buy back for \$50,000, vehicles supplies for the highway division for \$75,000, flood control for \$3,000, fire department fuel for \$53,000, professional services for the Mayor's office for \$5,000, legal services for \$6,000, various departments for \$432,515, central services inspections and trash for \$25,000, replace defibrillators for \$72,800, EMS accounts for \$313,000, the parking division for \$331,000, Smith Vocational High School projects for \$190,000, the 2007 capital program for \$300,000, the police facility building committee for \$50,000, dispatch center upgrade for \$40,000, capital lease payments for \$42,000 and \$51,337 of transfers from various appropriations.

Of the \$2,513,253 in unexpended/committed budget expenditures \$1,955,497 has been carried over to fiscal year 2008 leaving a surplus of \$557,756 to close to undesignated fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Major Capital asset additions (including the completion of construction in progress items) in the governmental activities consisted of the purchase of:

- Conservation land for \$1,064,930.
- Four parcels of land for the department of public works for \$9,980.
- City Hall exterior upgrade for \$13,800.
- A mailing machine for \$33,598.
- Four police cruisers for \$109,930.
- A closed circuit TV for the police department for \$49,500.
- A pumper fire truck for \$379,402.
- A thermal imager for \$37,189.
- An ambulance for \$138,628.
- Loaders and two vehicles for the department of public works for \$108.921.
- A dump truck for \$128,967.
- A tree truck for \$165,442.
- JFK middle school solar arrays for \$97,715.
- Gymnasium electrical fixtures for \$55,900.
- Northampton High School TV studio for \$202,015.
- Northampton High School computer equipment for \$297,207.
- School department vehicles and equipment for \$157,420.
- Smith Vocational High School Building E roof for \$34,950.
- North Maple Street intersection for \$605,347.

Construction in progress additions to capital assets during the year consisted of the Crescent Street and Bridge Road sidewalks and roads for \$100,533, Jackson Street school HVAC for \$89,825, senior center for \$3,737,777, Forbes Library renovations for \$70,249, Veterans Field drainage improvements for \$320,508, Smith Vocational High School parking lot for \$79,405, Smith Vocational High School cosmetology shop renovation for \$66,459, Jackson Street school burner for \$100,140, school cafeteria

point of sale systems for \$21,727, the Ridgewood Terrace project for \$306,165 and the Ryan Road project for \$80,410.

Capital asset additions during the year of \$17,902,348 in the business-type activity consisted of:

- in the sewer fund, \$112,001 for four vehicles, the Crescent/Bridge Road sewer project for \$14,093 and the Ridgewood Terrace sewer project for \$206,116.
- in the water fund, \$101,904 for five vehicles, \$143,734 for water meters, the Crescent/Bridge Road water mains for \$73,414, the Ridgewood Terrace water mains for \$1,106,715 and the water treatment plant for \$15,852,467.
- In the solid waste fund, \$183,502 for vehicles and equipment, \$44,525 for landfill cell 1 closure, \$18,382 for phase 4 landfill improvements, \$12,359 in phase 5 landfill expansion and gas wells for \$33,136.

Debt Administration. The City's outstanding governmental debt, as of June 30, 2007, totaled \$41,958,642, of which \$29,198,465 is for school projects, \$9,610,122 is for City building projects, \$570,000 for an aerial ladder fire truck, \$327,000 is for land acquisitions, \$642,000 for storm and surface drains, \$35,000 for recreation facilities, \$62,555 for the Septic V community septic program, \$140,000 for the skate park, \$245,000 for road and sidewalk projects, \$786,500 for departmental equipment, and \$342,000 in bond anticipation notes.

The City's outstanding business-type long term debt was \$3,294,165 in sewer debt, \$32,428,744 in water debt and \$1,965,000 solid waste debt for a total of \$37,687,909 in business-type debt.

The City also has capital leases for an ambulance and school department computer equipment. The last lease payment is due in 2010. The City currently owes \$222,341 on the leases consisting of \$203,215 in principal and \$19,126 in interest.

Please refer to notes 3C, 3E, 3F and 3G for further discussion of the major capital and debt activity.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Northampton's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Auditor, City Hall, 210 Main Street, Northampton, Massachusetts.



CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

		overnmental		siness-Type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS						
CURRENT:	_		_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,492,939	\$	12,032,906	\$	26,525,845
Investments		3,842,651		2,716,270		6,558,921
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Property Taxes		760,777		_		760,777
Deferred Property Taxes		130,303		<u>-</u>		130,303
Taxes in Litigation		6,794		_		6,794
Rollback Taxes		1,580		_		1,580
Tax Liens		519,739		-		519,739
Excise Taxes and Other Taxes		324,887				324,887
User Charges		457 400		1,326,833		1,326,833
Departmental		457,100		17 701		457,100
Special Assessments Loans		17,236 212,731		17,701		34,937 212,731
Due from Other Governments		6,314,900		4,112,542		10,427,442
Prepaid Expenses		1,017,914		7,112,072		1,017,914
Total current assets		28,099,551		20,206,252		48,305,803
NONCURRENT:		20,000,001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,200,202		
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Due from Other Governments		21,566,992				21,566,992
Capital Assets, net of accumulated Depreciation:		21,000,982		_		21,000,992
Nondepreciable		15,370,317		26,591,706		41,962,023
Depreciable		54,015,709		24,894,377		78,910,086
Total noncurrent assets		90,953,018		51,486,083		142,439,101
Total Assets		119,052,569		71,692,335		190,744,904
101111111111111111111111111111111111111		110,002,000		7 1,002,000		100,711,001
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT:						
Warrants Payable		1,490,095		1,287,681		2,777,776
Accrued Payroll		882,852		-		882,852
Payroll Withholdings		457,369		-		457,369
Tax Refund Payable		248,100		4.40.004		248,100
Accrued Interest		450,078		146,304		596,382
Compensated Absences		1,061,272		98,397		1,159,669
Bond Anticipation Notes Bonds and Lease Payable		342,000 4,518,797		2,250,738		342,000 6,769,535
Total current liabilities		9,450,563		3,783,120		
		9,450,563		3,703,120		13,233,683
NONCURRENT:				000 007		6U0 0U0
Landfill Closure Compensated Absences		2,097,333		893,997 57,466		893,997 2,154,799
Bonds and Lease Payable		37,301,060		35,437,171		72,738,231
Total noncurrent liabilities		39,398,393		36,388,634		75,787,027
Total Liabilities		48,848,956	·····	40,171,754		89,020,710
Total Liabilides	<u> </u>	40,040,900		,,,40,,17,1,7,04		09,020,710
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt		51,136,047		17,910,716		69,046,763
Restricted for:				• •		,
Capital Projects		795,915		_		795,915
Loans		212,731		=		212,731
Federal & State Grants		3,518,003		-		3,518,003
Permanent Funds:		4.47.040				447046
Expendable Nonexpendable		147,910 627,606		-		147,910
Other Purposes		3,643,745		-		627,606 3,643,745
Unrestricted		10,121,656		13,609,865		23,731,521
Total Net Assets	\$	70,203,613	\$	31,520,581	\$	101,724,194
		. 5,250,510	*	01,000,001		10191919107

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		'		Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Re	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	in Net Assets
	Ē	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Education Health and Human Services Culture and Recreation Employee Benefits and Insurance State Assessments Interest Total Governmental Activities	₩	6,590,269 9,901,764 3,778,604 36,104,663 2,028,560 2,544,899 19,147,772 2,131,790 1,799,968 84,028,289	\$ 3,114,205 1,846,977 106,643 5,492,971 145,177 456,000	\$ 1,475,348 478,892 48,600 13,550,156 1,428,549 187,911 6,473,051 939,255 24,581,762	\$ 1,040,685 2,140,103 97,464 93,059 306,405	\$ (960,031) (7,575,895) (1,483,258) (16,964,072) (361,775) (1,594,583) (12,674,721) (2,131,790) (860,713) (44,606,838)	69 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(960,031) (7,575,895) (1,483,258) (16,964,072) (361,775) (1,594,583) (12,674,721) (2,131,790) (2,131,790) (44,606,838)
Business-Type Activities: Sewer Water Solid Waste		2,848,427 1,997,003 1,631,127	4,079,092 4,103,551 3,637,669	162,482	1 1 1	1 1 1	1,230,665 2,269,030 2,006,542	1,230,665 2,269,030 2,006,542
Total Primary Government	₩	90,504,846	\$ 22,982,285	\$ 24,744,244	\$ 3,677,716	(44,606,838)	5,506,237	(39, 100, 601)
	General Proper Motor Motor Hotel Penal Grant Unrest University Misce Contribution Transf	General Revenues: Property taxes Motor vehicle and other taxes Motor vehicle and other taxes Hotel room occupancy taxes Penalties & interest on taxes Grants & contributions not restri Unrestricted investment income Miscellaneous Contributions to Permanent Fu Transfers, net Total General Revenues, Contr	General Revenues: Property taxes Motor vehicle and other taxes Motor vehicle and other taxes Hotel room occupancy taxes Penalties & interest on taxes Grants & contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment income Miscellaneous Contributions to Permanent Funds Transfers, net Total General Revenues, Contributions and Transfers	cted to specific programs inds ibutions and Transfers		34,815,844 2,146,183 368,770 202,872 5,809,805 800,878 4,530 14,800 2,667,143 46,830,825	744,934 - (2,667,143) (1,922,209)	34,815,844 2,146,183 368,770 202,872 5,809,805 1,545,812 4,530 14,800
			Change in Net Assets Net Assets: Beginning of year End of year	st _a		2,223,987 67,979,626 \$ 70,203,613	3,584,028 27,936,553 \$ 31,520,581 \$	5,808,015 95,916,179 101,724,194

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	 General Fund	S	tabilization Funds		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 5,270,391 15,555	\$	1,137,912 2,237,790	\$	8,084,636 1,589,306	\$	14,492,939 3,842,651
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Property Taxes	749,693 130,303		-		11,084		760,777 130,303
Deferred Property Taxes Taxes in Litigation	6,794		-		-		6.794
Rollback Taxes	1,580				_		1,580
Tax Liens	519,739				-		519,739
Excise Taxes	324,887		_		_		324.887
Departmental	304,165		_		152,935		457,100
Special Assessments	00-1,100		_		17,236		17,236
Loans	•		_		212,731		212,731
Due from Other Governments	24,531,542		_		3,350,350		27,881,892
Prepaid Expenses	1,017,914		- :		, ,		1,017,914
Total Assets	\$ 32,872,563	\$	3,375,702	\$	13,418,278	\$	49,666,543
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:							
Liabilities:							
Warrants Payable	\$ 840,666	\$	-	\$	649,429	\$	1,490,095
Accrued Payroll	882,852		-		-		882,852
Employee Withholdings	457,369		-		-		457,369
Tax Refund Payable Deferred Revenue:	248,100		-		-		248,100
Property Taxes	593,753		-				593,753
Other	25,136,791		-		3,167,024		28,303,815
Bond Anticipation Note Payable	 		-		342,000		342,000
Total Liabilities	 28,159,531		-		4,158,453		32,317,984
Fund Balance:							
Reserved For:							4.055.307
Encumbrances and continuing appropriations Perpetual Permanent Funds	1,955,497		- -		627,606		1,955,497 627,606
Unreserved: Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures	50,000		1,321,070		161,372		1,532,442
Undesignated, reported in:	2,707,535				_		2.707.535
General Fund Special Revenue	2,107,555		2,054,632		7,909,022		9,963,654
Capital Projects	_		2,00-1,002		453,915		453,915
Permanent Funds	_				107,910		107,910
Total Fund Balance	 4,713,032		3,375,702		9,259,825		17,348,559
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 32,872,563	\$	3,375,702	\$	13,418,278	\$	49,666,543
	 			-			

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	·····	<u></u>	-	·		Nonmajor		Total
	General Fund			Stabilization Fund	Governmental Funds		Governmental Funds	
Revenues:								
Property Taxes	\$	34,092,387	\$	-	\$	703,132	\$	34,795,519
State Receipts		17,039,259		-		4 400		17,039,259 2,542,441
Excise and Other Taxes		2,538,039		•		4,402		2,542,441 8,708,570
Licenses, Permits, Fees		8,708,570 202,872				-		202,872
Interest on Taxes Interest on Investments		635,004		144,191		98,289		877,484
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		000,004		1-1-1,101		21,576		21,576
Intergovernmental - "On-behalf" Payments		6,253,574		-		,+.+		6,253,574
Additions		0,444,4		~		14,800		14,800
Grants and Fees		-				14,015,617		14,015,617
Total Revenues		69,469,705		144,191		14,857,816	,···	84,471,712
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government		4,467,547		-		2,635,172		7,102,719
Public Safety		8,813,759		=		1,371,430		10,185,189
Public Works		2,755,248		-		1,823,419		4,578,667
Education		27,953,082		-		6,780,317		34,733,399
Health and Human Services		733,420		-		4,923,188		5,656,608
Culture and Recreation		1,629,854		-		1,208,436		2,838,290
Employee Benefits and Insurance		19,384,544		-		-		19,384,544
State Assessments		2,131,790		=		-		2,131,790
Debt Service:		2.044.762				34,214		3.978.976
Principal		3,944,762 1,746,406		-		6,339		1,752,745
Interest			-			18,782,515	·	92,342,927
Total Expenditures		73,560,412				10,702,010		32,342,321
Excess of Revenues Over						(0.004.000)		(7.074.045)
(Under) Expenditures	· .	(4,090,707)		144,191	· ·	(3,924,699)		(7,871,215)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								0.000.047
Operating Transfers In		4,834,412		1,203,905		(4 005 000)		6,038,317
Operating Transfers Out		(1,203,905)	ł	(1,132,000)		(1,035,269)		(3,371,174)
Capital Lease		147,073		-		8,148,467		147,073 8,148,467
Proceeds from Bonds		0.333.500		74 005		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10,962,683
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,777,580		71,905	····	7,113,198		10,902,003
Net Change in Fund Balances		(313,127))	216,096		3,188,499		3,091,468
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		5,026,159		3,159,606		6,071,326		14,257,091
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	4,713,032	\$	3,375,702	\$	9,259,825	\$	17,348,559

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Total Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 17,348,559
Capital Assets (net) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		69,386,026
Revenues are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting instead of a modified accrual basis		28,897,568
Long Term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds: Bonds and Notes Payable Compensated Absences	\$ (41,819,857) (3,158,605)	(44,978,462)
In statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due		 (450,078)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 70,203,613

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ 3,091,468
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital Outlay Purchases Depreciation	\$	8,664,039 (3,472,318)	5,191,721
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred revenue			(1,594,638)
The Issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets: Repayment of Debt and Lease Principal Capital Lease Financing Proceeds from Bonds	<u></u>	4,007,987 (147,073) (8,148,467)	(4,287,553)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Net Change in Compensated Absences Net Change in Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt		(129,788) (47,223)	(177,011)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$ 2,223,987

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGETARY BASIS - (NON-GAAP) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	d Am	ounts	Actual				Variance with	
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Budgetary Basis		Carried Forward Next Year	P	al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:					0.1 077 707	_		•	27.4.7700
Property Taxes	\$ 33,763,034		33,963,034	\$	34,077,737 17,039,259	\$	<u>∸</u>	\$	114,703 99,941
State Receipts Excise and Other Taxes	16,939,318 2,557,750		16,939,318 2,557,750		2,538,039		_		(19,711)
Licenses, Permits, Fees	8,426,487		8,426,487		8,708,570				282,083
Interest on Taxes	290,895		290,895		202,872		_		(88,023)
Interest on Investments	400,000		400,000		635,004				235,004
Total Revenues	62,377,484		62,577,484		63,201,481		-		623,997
Expenditures:									
Current:	# 400 000		E 400 000		4 407 5 47		706 560		220 702
General Government	5,160,223		5,493,909		4,467,547 8,813,759		796,569 202,795		229,793 173,156
Public Safety	8,410,020 2,837,331		9,189,710 3,096,876		2,755,248		266,687		74,941
Public Works Education	28,005,041		28,258,041		27,806,009		451,952		80
Health and Human Services	584,336		782,346		733,420		27,894		21,032
Culture and Recreation	1,733,516		1,786,348		1,629,854		143,500		12,994
Employee Benefits and Insurance	12,968,959		13,279,009		13,130,970		66,100		81,939
State Assessments	2,086,905		2,086,905		2,131,790		-		(44,885)
Debt Service:									0 570
Principal	3,905,340		3,947,340		3,944,762		-		2,578
Interest	1,768,534		1,768,534		1,762,406		- 1075		6,128
Total Expenditures	67,460,205		69,689,018		67,175,765		1,955,497		557,756
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	(5,082,721)		(7,111,534)		(3,974,284)		(1,955,497)		1,181,753
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating Transfers In (Out)	3,671,143		3,554,701		3,630,507				75,806
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,671,143		3,554,701		3,630,507				75,806
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other									
Financing Sources Over Expenditures and									
Other Financing Uses	(1,411,578)		(3,556,833)		(343,777)		(1,955,497)		1,257,559
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	5,148,969		5,148,969		5,148,969		No.	···	-
Budgetary Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3,737,391	\$	1,592,136	\$	4,805,192	\$	(1,955,497)	\$	1,257,559

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures from Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Revenues	Е	xpenditures
Reported on a Budgetary Basis	\$	63,201,481	\$	67,175,765
Net Decrease in Revenue from Recording				
Refund Taxes Payable		(35,715)		
Recognition of intergovernmental Revenue -				
"on behalf payments"		6,253,574		
Recognition of Expenditures -				
"on behalf payments"				6,253,574
Net Decrease in Expenditures - Accrued Expenses				(16,000)
Capital Lease				147,073
Net Increase in Revenue from Recording				
60-Day Receipts		50,365		
Reported on a GAAP Basis	\$	69,469,705	\$	73,560,412

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

		Sewer	Water	Solid Waste	Total
ASSETS					
CURRENT: Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ġ	2,026,558 \$	7,908,949	\$ 2,097,399 \$	12,032,906
Investments User Charges, net of allowance for uncollectibles		420.802	- 339 079	2,716,270 566,952	2,716,270
Special Assessments		17,701)	1 1	17,701
Due from Other Governments		1	4,112,542	F	4,112,542
Total current assets		2,465,061	12,360,570	5,380,621	20,206,252
NONCURRENT: Capital Assets, net of accumulated Depreciation:					
Nondepreciable Depreciable		211,025 6 509 309	25,485,625 9.761.708	895,056 8 623,360	26,591,706 24,894,377
Total noncurrent assets		6.720.334	35,247,333	9 518 416	51 486 083
Total Assets		9,185,395	47,607,903	14,899,037	71,692,335
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT:					
Accounts Payable		114,727	1,079,842	93,112	1,287,681
Accrued Interest		31,687	93,365	21,252	146,304
Compensated Absences		49,620	33,431	15,346	98,397
Bonds Payable		315,244	1,693,494	242,000	2,250,738
Total current liabilities		511,278	2,900,132	371,710	3,783,120
NONCURRENT:				200,500	700.000
Componented Absences		31 100	18 230	085,887	693,997 57.466
Bonds Payable		2,978,921	30,735,250	1,723,000	35,437,171
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,010,030	30,753,480	2,625,124	36,388,634
Total Liabilities		3,521,308	33,653,612	2,996,834	40,171,754
NET ASSETS: Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt		3,426,169	6,931,131	7,553,416	17,910,716
Unrestricted		.	7,023,160	4,348,787	
Total Net Assets	ഗ	5,664,087 \$	13,954,291	\$ 11,902,203 \$	31,520,581

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

					!
		Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Other	()	3,981,004 \$ 98,088	4,040,025 \$ 63,526	3,611,768 \$	11,632,797
Total Operating Revenues		4,079,092	4,103,551	3,637,669	11,820,312
Operating Expenses: Salaries & Wages Operating Expenses Depreciation		593,573 1,309,752 783,389	653,865 472,082 470,369	332,266 783,849 417,057	1,579,704 2,565,683 1,670,815
Total Operating Expenses		2,686,714	1,596,316	1,533,172	5,816,202
Operating Income (Loss)		1,392,378	2,507,235	2,104,497	6,004,110
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest Income		107,277	409,637	228,020	744,934
Intergovernmental Interest Expense		(161,713)	162,482 (400,687)	- (926'26)	162,482 (660,355)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(54,436)	171,432	130,065	247,061
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers		1,337,942	2,678,667	2,234,562	6,251,171
Operating Transfers: Transfers In (Out)		(1,324,980)	(560,363)	(781,800)	(2,667,143).
Total Operating Transfers		(1,324,980)	(560,363)	(781,800)	(2,667,143)
Change in Net Assets		12,962	2,118,304	1,452,762	3,584,028
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		5,651,125	11,835,987	10,449,441	27,936,553
Net Assets at End of Year	€	5,664,087 \$	13,954,291 \$	11,902,203 \$	31,520,581

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	0 074	00000		2007
Receipts from Other Revenues	3,674,046	5,805,850 63,526	3,000,033 \$	11,483,415
Payments to Vendors	(1.218.345)	(526.144)	(793, 299)	(2.537.788)
Payments to Employees	(220,377)	(645,884)	(329,598)	(1,575,859)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	2,153,412	2,845,334	2,558,537	7,557,283
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers from (to) Other Funds	(1,324,980)	(560,363)	(781,800)	(2,667,143)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,324,980)	(560,363)	(781,800)	(2,667,143)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from the issuance of Bonds and Notes	1	15,911,815	1	15,911,815
Intergovernmental	1	162,482		162.482
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(332,210)	(16,280,852)	(291,904)	(16,904,966)
Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes	(311,565)	(639,097)	(713,500)	(1,664,162)
Interest Expense	(162,577)	(385,566)	(102,560)	(650,703)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(806,352)	(1,231,218)	(1,107,964)	(3,145,534)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	!	 		1
Investment Income Sale/(Purchase) of Investments	107,277	409,637	228,020 (2,716,270)	744,934 (2,716,270)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	107,277	409,637	(2,488,250)	(1,971,336)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	129,357	1,463,390	(1,819,477)	(226,730)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,897,201	6,445,559	3,916,876	12,259,636
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 2,026,558 \$	7,908,949	2,097,399 \$	12,032,906
"	2,020,000			∥

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Total
Solid Waste	Fund
Water	Fund
Sewer	Fund

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:

Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	€9	1,392,378	↔	2,507,235 \$	2,104,497	6,004,110
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation		783,389		470,369	417,057	1,670,815
Change in Assets and Liabilities: Increase (Decrease) in Warrants Payable		91,407		(54,062)	78,902	116,247
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(6,804)		7,981	2,668	3,845
Increase (Decrease) in Landfill Closure		,		1	(88,352)	(88,352)
Decrease (Increase) in User Charges Receivable		(106,958)	;	(86, 189)	43,765	(149,382)
Total Adjustments		761,034		338,099	454,040	1,553,173
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	€	2,153,412 \$	÷	2,845,334 \$	2,558,537	\$ 7,557,283

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	i Sys	RTHAMPTON Employees Retirement stem Pension Frust Fund of December 31, 2006)	 Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accrued Interest and Dividends Accounts Receivable	\$	655,917 64,753,167 248,646 852,369	\$ 15,571 963,723	\$ 194,855 - 1,191
Total Assets		66,510,099	 979,294	 196,046
LIABILITIES Warrants Payable Due to Others Due to Student Groups Deposits and Escrows		27,232 - - -	15,571 - - -	 15 126,585 69,446
Total Liabilities		27,232	15,571	 196,046
NET ASSETS: Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$	66,482,867	\$ 963,723	\$ <u> </u>

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	E Sys	RTHAMPTON Employees Retirement stem Pension Trust Fund of December 31, 2006)		Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions			,	
Contributions:				
Employers	\$	3,555,145	\$	J
Plan Members		1,854,012		
Transfers/Reimbursements from Other Systems		283,608		•
Federal Grant Reimbursements		33,069		·•
Commonwealth of Massachusetts - COLA		155,148		070.400
Private Donations				279,189
Total Contributions		5,880,982	<u> </u>	279,189
Investment Income:				
Interest & Dividends		2,331,637		62,409
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		3,281,699		17,885
Total Investment Earnings		5,613,336		80,294
Less Investment Expense		(302,275)		
Net Investment Expense		5,311,061		80,294
Net investment Lannings		3,311,001		00,23-4
Total Additions		11,192,043		359,483
Deductions:				
Benefit Payments to Plan Members and Beneficiaries		5,500,294		
Refunds to Members		274,224		No.
Transfers to Other Systems		305,740		
Educational Scholarships		-		15,347
Human Services				5,000
General Expenses		70,124		15,571
Total Deductions		6,150,382		35,918
Change in Net Assets		5,041,661		323,565
Not Access at Deminuing of Veir		C4 444 000		040 4 <u>6</u> 0
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		61,441,206		640,158
Mat Assats at Find of Vass	œ	66 400 007	œ	000 700
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	66,482,867	\$	963,723

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Northampton, Massachusetts is a municipality in which citizens elect the mayor, seven council members and two at-large council members.

For financial reporting purposes, the City has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended component units are entities that are legally separate from the City, but are so related that they are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The following component unit is blended within the primary government in the fiduciary funds:

The Northampton Contributory Retirement System (the System) was established to provide retirement benefits to City employees, the City Housing Authority, employees, and their beneficiaries. The System is governed by a five-member board comprised of the City Auditor (ex-officio), two members elected by the System's participants, one member appointed by the Mayor and one member appointed by the Board members. The System is presented using the accrual basis of accounting and is reported as a pension trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

The system did not issue a separate audited financial statement. The System issues a publicly available unaudited financial report in accordance with guidelines established by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' (Commonwealth) Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC). That report may be obtained by contacting the System located at 210 Main Street, Northampton, Massachusetts.

The City is responsible for electing the governing board and/or committee members of the Northampton Housing Authority. This related organization is excluded from the financial reporting entity because the City's accountability does not extend beyond the City electing the board and/or committee members. Audited financial statements are available from the respective organization. A description of the related organization is as follows:

Northampton Housing Authority - A public housing agency that provides housing assistance to eligible and qualified low and moderate income elderly, handicap and families. The housing authority is an autonomous and self-sufficient agency under the State Executive Office of Communities and Development. The City has no significant influence over management, budget or policies of the authority.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the City of Northampton, Massachusetts (the City) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant City accounting policies are described herein.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are supported primarily by user fees and charges.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and displayed in a single column.

Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to be used to pay current liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the

current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, excises and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *stabilization fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for the accumulation of resources to provide general and/or capital reserves, and planning and development's ongoing and future operations.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The sewer fund is used to account for the sewer activities.

The water fund is used to account for the water activities.

The *solid waste fund* is used to account for the integrated solid waste management program.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government programs.

The Northampton Employees Retirement System Pension trust fund is used to account for the activities of the System, which accumulates resources to provide pension benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in the permanent fund, under which principal and investment income exclusively benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The agency fund is used to account for assets held in a purely custodial capacity.

The nonmajor governmental fund consists of other special revenue, capital projects, and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the *nonmajor governmental funds* column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these funds types:

The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent funds or capital projects funds) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Enterprise and Trust Funds).

The *permanent fund* is used to account for financial resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the governmental programs.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances from all funds, except those required to be segregated by law, are combined to form a consolidation of cash.

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption, "cash and cash equivalents".

Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and nonmajor governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by Massachusetts General Laws (MGL).

E. Investments

State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the City. Deposits in any financial institution may not exceed certain levels within the financial institution. Non-fiduciary fund investments can be made in securities issued by or unconditionally guaranteed by the U. S. Government or agencies that have a maturity of less than one year from the date of purchase and repurchase agreements guaranteed by such securities with maturity dates of no more than 90 days from the date of purchase.

Investments in the Contributory Retirement System consist of marketable securities, bonds and short-term money market investments. All investments are carried at market value.

F. Receivables

The recognition of revenues related to accounts receivable reported in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements are reported under the accrual basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis of accounting, respectively.

Property Taxes, Deferred Property Taxes, Taxes in Litigation, Rollback Taxes, and Tax Liens

Property taxes are based on assessments as of January 1, 2006 and include betterments. special assessments and liens. Taxes are used to finance the operations of the City for the fiscal year July 1st to June 30th. By law, all taxable property in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts must be assessed at 100% of fair cash value. Taxes are due and payable on July 1st. The City has accepted the quarterly tax payment system. Under the quarterly tax payment system, the assessors make a preliminary tax commitment based on the prior year's net tax and may not exceed, with limited exceptions, fifty percent of that amount. The collector must mail preliminary tax bills each year by July 1st. The preliminary tax is payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on August 1st and the second installment is due on November 1st. After the City sets the tax rate, the assessors make the actual tax commitment. If actual bills are mailed on or before December 31st, the balance remaining is payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on February 1st and the second installment is due on May 1st. If bills are mailed after December 31st, the entire balance is not due until May 1st or thirty days after the bills were mailed, whichever is later. Any betterments, special assessments and other charges are added to the actual bills. Interest at the rate of 14% is charged on the amount of any preliminary tax or actual tax installment payment that is unpaid and delinquent and is charged only for the number of days the payment is actually delinquent. If actual tax bills are mailed after December 31st, interest will be computed from May 1st, or the payment due date, whichever is later. The City has an ultimate right to foreclose on property for which taxes have not been paid. Property taxes levied are recorded as receivables.

Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which they have been levied.

The City mailed preliminary tax bills for the fiscal year 2007 on July 1, 2006 that were due on August 1, 2006 and November 1, 2006 and actual bills on December 29, 2006 that were due on February 1, 2007 and May 1, 2007.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts electorate in November, 1980, passed legislation known as Proposition 2 1/2, in order to limit the amount of revenue to be raised by taxation. The purpose of the legislation was to control the levy of taxes that are assessed to property owners of a City. The legal levy limit under Proposition 2 1/2 for fiscal year 2007 is \$34,438,253 consisting of a base of \$32,868,383 and a debt exclusion of \$1,569,870. The total amount raised by taxation was \$34,413,364.

The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Excise Taxes

Excise taxes consist of motor vehicle excise and vessel excise. Excise taxes are assessed annually for each vehicle and vessel registered in the City, and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of vehicles registered and the fair value of those vehicles. The Board of Assessors of the City is responsible for determining the value of each vessel.

The tax calculation is the fair market value of the vehicle or vessel multiplied by the \$25 per \$1,000 of value and \$10 per \$1,000 of valuation, respectively.

The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

User Charges

User charges and fees consist of sewer, water and solid waste and are levied monthly based on individual meter readings and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Water and sewer liens are processed each year and included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill. Water, sewer charges, solid waste and liens are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Departmental

Departmental receivables consist primarily of veterans services, school department fees, ambulance and other general government receipts.

The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Special Assessments

Special assessments consists of Title V septic betterments in the governmental funds and sewer betterments in the business-type funds.

These receivables are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

Loans

The Community Development Block Grant office administers loan programs that provide housing assistance to residents of the City and commercial loans to businesses. Upon issuance, a receivable is recorded for the principal amount of the loan.

These receivables are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

Due from Other Governments

Various federal and state grants for operating and capital purposes are applied for and received annually. For non-expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

These receivables are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consists of health insurance premiums paid in advance.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and other, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, water mains, sewer mains, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity column of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value.

All purchase of equipment in excess of \$15,000 and construction costs of in excess of \$50,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

Capital assets (excluding land) are depreciated on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

Capital Asset Type	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Machinery, equipment and other	3-15
Infrastructure	20-50

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

I. Interfund Transfers

During the course of its operations, resources are permanently reallocated between and within funds. These transactions are reported as operating transfers in and operating transfers out.

In the government-wide financial statements, operating transfers between and within governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of activities as "Transfers net."

In the fund financial statements, operating transfers between and within funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements and are reported as operating transfers in and operating transfers out.

J. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue at the fund financial statement level represents billed receivables that do not meet the available criterion in accordance with the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Deferred revenue is recognized as revenue in the conversion to the government-wide (full accrual) financial statements.

K. Net Assets and Fund Equity

Net assets are reported as restricted when amounts are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific future use.

Net assets have been "restricted for" the following:

"Capital projects" represents amounts restricted for capital purposes.

"Loans" represents community development outstanding loan receivable balances.

"Federal and state grants" represents amounts restricted for by the federal and state government for various programs.

"Permanent funds – expendable" represents amounts held in trust for which the expenditures are restricted by various trust agreements.

"Permanent funds – nonexpendable" represents amounts held in trust for which only investment earnings may be expended.

"Other purposes" represents restrictions placed on assets from outside parties.

Fund balances are reserved for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific future use. Designations of fund balances represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Fund balances have been "reserved for" the following:

"Encumbrances and continuing appropriations" represents amounts obligated under purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures that are being carried over to the ensuing fiscal year.

"Perpetual Permanent Funds" represent amounts held in trust for which only investment earnings may be expended.

"Designated for subsequent years' expenditures" represents the amount of fund balance appropriated to be used for expenditures in the subsequent year's budget. The Town includes the following in the reserve:

Major Governmental Funds:

General fund:		
Unreserved fund balance:		
Free cash		\$ 50,000
Stabilization fund		1,321,070
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Municipal waterways fund	\$ 4,100	
Conservation wetlands fees	4,100	
Sale of cemetery lots	5,000	
Receipts reserved for the payment of debt	50,000	
Cemetery perpetual care fund	40,000	
Community preservation fund	8,172	
Parking meter reserves and passes	 50,000	161,372
		\$ 1,532,442

L. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net assets.

The face amount of governmental funds long-term debt is reported as other financing sources.

M. Compensated Absences

The City grants to employees sick and vacation leave in varying amounts based upon length of service and in accordance with various individual union contracts. Upon retirement, termination, or death, certain employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave (subject to certain limitations) at 20% of their current rates of pay.

N. Post Retirement Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, health insurance coverage is provided for retired employees and their survivors in accordance with MGL, Chapter 32, on a pay-as-you-go basis. The cost of providing health insurance is recognized by recording the employer's 50%, 60% and 80% share for PPO plans and HMO plans, respectively, insurance premiums in the general fund in the fiscal year paid. There were approximately 627 participants eligible to received benefits at June 30, 2007. The estimated cost is \$2,677,190.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted for the City's General Fund. Although legislative approval is required for the acceptance of grants, capital projects and borrowing authorizations, annual budgets are not prepared for any other fund; therefore comparison of budget to actual is only presented for the General Fund.

The City must establish its property tax rate each year so that the property tax rate levy will comply with the limits established by Proposition 2 1/2, as amended, and also equal the sum of (a) the aggregate of all annual appropriations for expenditures, plus (b) provision for prior year deficits, if any, less (c) the aggregate of all non property tax revenues estimated to be received, including available funds. Supplemental appropriations may be made from available funds after the setting of the tax rate. Appropriations may be transferred between departments with the City Council approval.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the General Fund budgetary data as reflected in the financial statements:

Every board and committee in charge of a department shall annually, on the first day of December, send to the mayor and to the committee on finances an estimate in detail of the appropriations needed to enable the department to properly perform its duties.

Hearings are conducted and the Mayor then submits a budget to the City Council.

The budget is legally enacted by vote of the City Council prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Throughout the fiscal year, any unencumbered appropriation, balance or portion thereof, may be transferred from one department, commission, board or office, to another by City Council vote

Massachusetts law requires cities and towns to provide for a balanced budget. Section 23 of Chapter 59 of the Massachusetts General Laws states, in part,

"The assessors shall annually assess taxes to an amount not less than the aggregate of all amounts appropriated, granted or lawfully expended by their respective towns (cities) since the preceding annual assessment and not provided for therein . . . "

For fiscal year 2007, the City incurred a final budget deficit of \$3,556,833 for the General Fund

The City voted from the following sources to fund the deficit budget during the fiscal year:

Unreserved fund balance:	
Free cash	\$ 1,715,800
Overlay surplus	429,455
Prior year's encumbrances	1,414,525
Reserved for deficits	 (2,947)
	\$ 3,556,833

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had deficits at June 30, 2007 as measured by the balances of unreserved fund balance.

- The disaster relief and hazard grants fund has a deficit of \$33,830. The deficit will be eliminated upon the future receipt of grant funds.
- The MTC solar project, a school project special revenue fund, has a deficit of \$989. The deficit will be eliminated upon the future receipt of funds.
- The privately funded grants fund, a school special revenue fund, has a deficit of \$13,960. The deficit will be eliminated upon the future receipt of funds.

- The dog revolving fund has a deficit of \$3,459. The deficit will be eliminated upon the future receipt of funds.
- The fire outside duty account has a deficit of \$22,071.
 The deficit will be eliminated upon the future receipt of funds.
- The juvenile firesetter intervention program has a deficit of \$4,886. The deficit will be eliminated upon the future receipt of funds.
- The capital projects fund has various individual projects that are overdrawn for a total of \$148,690. These deficits will be eliminated upon the issuance of permanent debt

3. DETAILED NOTES

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risks - Deposits - City Financials

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Deposits at June 30, 2007 were \$28,919,130. Of these, \$5,677,610 were exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risks - Deposits - Northampton Contributory Retirement System

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it. The System does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Deposits at December 31, 2006 were \$844,387. None was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investment Policies – City Financials

Investments of funds, except for trust funds, are generally restricted by Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 44, Section 55. That statute permits investments of available revenue funds and bond and notes proceeds in term deposits and certificates of deposits of banks and trust companies, in obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the federal government or an agency thereof with a maturity of not more than one year, in repurchase agreements with a maturity of not more than 90 days secured by federal or federal agency securities, in participation units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust ("MMDT"), or in shares in SEC-registered money market funds with the highest possible rating from at least one nationally recognized rating organization.

The MMDT is an investment pool created by the Commonwealth under the supervision of the State Treasurer's office. According to the State Treasurer, the Trust's investment policy is designed to maintain an average weighted maturity of 90 days or less and is limited to high-quality, readily marketable fixed income instruments, including U. S. Government obligations and highly-rated corporate securities with maturities of one year or less.

As of June 30, 2007, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Fair	In	vestment Mat Less	urities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Investment Type Value			Than 1		1 to 5			
Debt Securities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
U. S. Government agencies	\$	496,845	\$	-	\$	496,845			
Corporate bonds		149,702		4		149,702			
Money market mutual funds		6,067,102		6,067,102					
•		6,713,649	\$	6,067,102	\$	646,547			
Other Investments:									
Equity securities - Domestic		348,716							
Certificates of Deposits		460,279							
·	\$	7,522,644	•						

Custodial Credit Risks - Investments

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the City's \$7,522,644 in investments, none are uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department but not in the City's name. The City has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The City's exposure to credit risk as of June 30, 2007 is as follows:

Related Debt Instruments	Fair Value <i>I</i>			Aaa A3			Not Rated	
Debt Securities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
U. S. treasury obligations	\$	496,845	\$	496,845	\$	-	\$	••
Corporate bonds		149,702		-		149,702		w
Money market mutual fund		6,067,102		-		_		6,067,102
-	\$	6,713,649	\$	496,845	\$	149,702	\$	6,067,102

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in one issuer. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in the Federal Home Loan Bank amounting to 6.60% of the total City's investments.

Investment Policies - Northampton Contributory Retirement System City Financials

Under PERAC regulations, every retirement board shall file a statement of investment objectives with PERAC. Among the information to be filed are the investment policy, the rate of return expected, the expected level of risk, the asset mix, the degree of diversification, and other pertinent financial information.

Specific policies for investments of funds for the system are as follows:

- A. The assets shall be diversified among fixed income, equity, and short term investment and may include:
 - i. up to 3% of the total market value of the portfolio in limited partnerships, such as, but not limited to, venture capital investments;
 - up to 8% of the total equity market value of the portfolio in foreign investments.
- B. The asset allocation of the portfolio shall lie within the range of 45%-65% common stock and 35%-55% fixed income as is permitted by an exemption issued to the Board.
- C. Equity investments shall comply with the following policies as well as relevant PERAC regulations including any modifications permitted by an exemption issued to the Board.
 - At least 75% of the market value of equity investments shall be in companies for which the market value of the outstanding shares is at least \$100 million at time of purchase.
 - ii. The investment in any one holding shall not exceed 5% of the total book value of equity investments at the time of purchase.
 - iii. All equity investments, including ADRs as permitted by an exemption issued to the Board, must be in securities traded on a major exchange or on the NASDAQ.
 - iv. The beta (a measure of equity volatility) shall average no more than 1.15 annually.
 - No investment shall be made in a company with less than a five year operating history.
 - vi. The holdings within the equity portfolio shall be diversified such that:
 - a. the equity portfolio shall consist of no fewer than 25 holdings;
 - b. no single industry shall account for more than 20% of the total market
 - c. at no time shall small capitalization stocks represent less than 10% of the total equity market value nor more than 50%.

- vii. Recognizing that equity turnover may vary with market conditions and the specific characteristics of individual issues, turnover shall be targeted at no more than 150% per year.
- D. Fixed income investments shall comply with the following policies as well as relevant PERAC regulations including any modifications permitted by an exemption issued to the Board.
 - i. At least 65% of the market value of the fixed income portfolio shall be in holdings rated no less than A or equivalent.
 - ii. No more than 5% of the portfolio shall have a rating less than investment grade, and no bond shall be below a rating of B. Split-rated bonds, i.e. bonds rated investment grade by at least one agency but rated below investment grade by another, are included in this 5%.
 - iii. No holding shall be purchased unless there is at least \$50 million par of the issue outstanding at the time of purchase.
 - iv. No more than 5% of the total market value of the portfolio shall be invested in the direct (as opposed to asset-backed or mortgage-backed) debt obligations of any one fixed income issuer except that issues of the U.S. government or agencies that have the full faith and credit of the U.S. government may be held without limit. The investment Manager may exceed that level, up to a maximum of 10%, however, if he or she feels it is prudent to do so as long as the Investment Manager promptly advises the Secretary to the Board of the situation so that the Board may review the investment at its next meeting.
 - Fixed income holdings which are downgraded below BBB or Baa shall be sold within one year of the downgrading unless the exemption issued to the Board permits retention.
 - vi. The adjusted modified duration of the fixed income portfolio shall be within the range of 75% to 125% of the duration of the Index.
 - vii. Excluding purchases and sales of issues of the U.S. government or agencies that have the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, the turnover of the fixed income portfolio shall not exceed 150% per year.
 - viii. The holdings within the fixed income portfolio shall be diversified such that:
 - a. the holdings shall be diversified across sectors and industries with no single industry representing more than one third the market value
 - b. except that issues of the U.S. government or agencies that have the full faith and credit of the U.S. government may be held without limit.
 - c. the fixed income portfolio will consist of no fewer than 20 holdings
 - d. at no time shall more than 80% of the market value of the holdings nor less than 20% have an adjusted modified duration longer than the Index.
- E. Cash and cash equivalents shall be invested in any or all of the following instruments: money market funds, repurchase agreements, short term instruments issued by the Treasury and other agencies of the U.S. government, commercial paper rated P1 and corporate debt maturing within one year at date of purchase.

As of June 30, 2007, the System had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Maturities	(in	Years)
------------	------------	-----	--------

Investment Type	Fair Value		Less Than 1	 1 to 5	 6 to 10	More than 10 Years
Debt Securities:						
U. S. Treasury obligations	\$ 4,338,029	\$	-	\$ 402,752	\$ 2,971,224	\$ 964,053
U. S. Government agencies	5,347,461		401,924	2,416,251	996,033	1,533,253
Corporate debt	12,757,269		51,100	4,821,777	5,002,023	2,882,369
Money market mutual funds	1,992,440		1,992,440		- .	u u
•	 24,435,199	\$	2,445,464	\$ 7,640,780	\$ 8,969,280	\$ 5,379,675
Other Investments:					 	
Equity securities - Domestic	38,748,880					
Equity mutual funds	1,569,088					
	\$ 64,753,167	•				

Custodial Credit Risks - Investments

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the System's \$64,753,167 in investments, \$60,691,639 are uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department but not in the System's name. The System has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The System limits investments in bonds with a minimum quality rating of Baa or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services, however, 10% of the market value of fixed income investments may be invested in bonds with a minimum quality rating of Ba or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services

The System's exposure to credit risk as of June 30, 2007 is as follows:

Related Debt Instruments	Fair Value						
Moody's Quality Ratings							
U. S. Treasury Obligations:							
AAA	\$	4,338,029					
U. S. Government Agencies:							
AAA		5,347,461					
Corporate Debt:							
AAA		704,354					
AA2		853,031					
AA3		720,049					
A1		1,650,204					
A2		652,142					
A3		1,745,627					
BAA1		1,356,110					
BAA2		1,865,583					
BAA3		1,051,155					
BA1		464,013					
BA2		257,500					
Not rated		1,437,501					
Money Market Mutual Funds:							
Not rated		1,992,440					
	\$	24,435,199					

Concentration of Credit Risk

The System may invest up to 15% of the account's assets in high yield securities on an opportunistic basis. There are no qualified investments that are more than 5 percent.

B. Receivables

At June 30, 2007, receivables for the individual major governmental funds, non-major governmental funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Allowance						
Gross			for		Net	
	Amount	Uı	ncollectibles		Amont	
\$	1,026,590	\$	(265,813)	\$	760,777	
	130,303		_		130,303	
	6,794		-		6,794	
	1,580		-		1,580	
	519,739		-		519,739	
	944,569		(619,682)		324,887	
	533,195		(76,095)		457,100	
	17,236		-		17,236	
	212,731		-		212,731	
	27,881,892		-		27,881,892	
	1,191		-		1,191	
	852,369		_		852,369	
\$	32,128,189	\$	(961,590)	\$	31,166,599	
	\$	\$ 1,026,590 130,303 6,794 1,580 519,739 944,569 533,195 17,236 212,731 27,881,892 1,191	\$ 1,026,590 \$ 130,303 6,794 1,580 519,739 944,569 533,195 17,236 212,731 27,881,892 1,191	Gross Amount for Uncollectibles \$ 1,026,590 \$ (265,813) 130,303 - 6,794 - 1,580 - 519,739 - 944,569 (619,682) 533,195 (76,095) 17,236 - 212,731 - 27,881,892 - 1,191 - 852,369 -	Gross Amount for Uncollectibles \$ 1,026,590 \$ (265,813) \$ 130,303 6,794 - - 1,580 - - 519,739 - - 944,569 (619,682) - 533,195 (76,095) - 17,236 - - 212,731 - - 27,881,892 - - 1,191 - - 852,369 - -	

At June 30, 2007, receivables for the sewer, water and solid waste enterprise consist of the following:

	Allowance Gross for Amount Uncollectibles			Net Amont					
Sewer Fund:									
User charges	\$ 578,652	\$	(157,850)	\$	420,802				
Special assessments	17, 701		-		17,701				
Water Fund:									
User charges	359,144		(20,065)		339,079				
Solid Waste Fund:									
User charges	 691,952		(125,000)		566,952				
-	\$ 1,647,449	\$	(302,915)	\$	1,344,534				

The composition of amounts due from other governments as of June 30, 2007 for governmental funds is as follows:

General Fund:			
Commonwealth of Massachusetts:			
School Building Authority - School Building Assistance			
Capital portion	\$ 23,849,323		
Various Towns -			
Smith Vocational High School Tuitions	 682,219	\$ 24,531	,542
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Community Development Block Grant	\$ 505,003		
Supportive Housing Program	976,174		
Economic Development	20,225		
U. S. Department of Education -			
School Title Grants	70,225		
U. S. Department of the Interior -			
Land and Water Conservation Grant	96,005		
Commonwealth of Massachusetts -			
Department of Education - School Grants	248		
Massachusetts Cultural Council	1,600		
Massachusetts Highway Department	1,679,782		
Vendor	 1,088	3,350	,350
		\$ 27,881	,892

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

The balance of the general fund deferred revenues account is equal to all of June 30, 2007 receivable balances, except real and personal property taxes that are accrued for subsequent 60 day collections.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the deferred revenue for property taxes is \$593,753.

The various components of the other deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

General Fund:		
Deferred property taxes	\$ 130,303	
Taxes in litigation	6,794	
Rollback taxes	1,580	
Tax Liens	519,739	
Excise Taxes	324,887	
Departmental	304,165	
Due from other governments	23,849,323	\$ 25,136,791
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Community preservation surcharge	\$ 11,084	
Departmental	152,935	
Special assessments	17,236	
Loans	212,731	
Due from other governments	2,773,038	3,167,024
	 	\$ 28,303,815

C. Capital Assets

•			* .	
(inve	mme	ntal	Act	ivities

	Beginning Balance		Increases	ì	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Land	\$ 8,719,477	\$	1,074,910	\$	- 5	\$ 9,794,387
Construction in progress	2,174,720		4,973,198		(1,571,988)	5,575,930
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 10,894,197		6,048,108		(1,571,988)	 15,370,317
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	84,460,372		1,455,753		-	85,916,125
Machinery, equipment and other	7,251,694		1,606,204		۵	8,857,898
Infrastructure	13,241,413		1,125,962		.	14,367,375
Total capital assets being depreciated	 104,953,479		4,187,919	, ,	_	109,141,398
Less accumulated deprecition for:						
Buildings	34,799,723		2,645,590		-	37,445,313
Machinery, equipment and other	4,812,906		699,018		÷	5,511,924
Infrastructure	12,040,742		127,710			12,168,452
Total accumulated depreciation	 51,653,371		3,472,318		-	55,125,689
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 53,300,108	<u> </u>	715,601		<u> </u>	 54,015,709
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 64,194,305	\$	6,763,709	\$	(1,571,988)	\$ 69,386,026

Business-Type Activities

Submost Type Notivides	 Beginning Balance		Increases	ם	ecreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:			•			
Land	\$ 1,928,050	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,928,050
Construction in progess	 8,150,666		17,298,300		(785,310)	24,663,656
Total capital assets not being depreciated	10,078,716		17,298,300		(785,310)	26,591,706
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Building and Renovations	20,614,782		62,907		-	20,677,689
Machinery, equipment and other	1,622,550		397,407		~	2,019,957
Infrastructure	41,431,989		929,044			42,361,033
Total capital assets being depreciated	 63,669,321		1,389,358		-	65,058,679
Less accumulated deprecition for:						
Building and Renovations	11,395,765		584,820		ن	11,980,585
Machinery, equipment and other	964,037		196,454		-	1,160,491
Infrastructure	26,133,685		889,541		.	27,023,226
Total accumulated depreciation	 38,493,487		1,670,815		<u> </u>	40,164,302
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 25,175,834	····	(281,457)			24,894,377
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 35,254,550	\$	17,016,843	\$	(785,310) \$	51,486,083

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 364,02
Public safety	538,98
Public works	267,24
Education	2,209,39
Health and human services	4,03
Culture and recreation	 88,63
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,472,31
Business-Type Activities:	
Sewer fund	\$ 783,38
Water fund	470,36
Solid waste fund	 417,0
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,670,81

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are summarized as follows:

	Transfers In:								
Transfers Out:		General Fund	S	tabilization Fund		Total			
	_		•	4 000 005	•	4.000.005			
General fund	\$	-	\$	1,203,905	Þ	1,203,905			
Stabilization fund		1,132,000		-		1,132,000			
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,035,269		=		1,035,269			
Business-type activities		2,667,143				2,667,143			
Total transfers out	\$	4,834,412	\$	1,203,905	\$	6,038,317			

E. Lease

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of an ambulance and school department computer equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follow:

	ernmental ctivities
Assets:	
Machinery, equipment and other	\$ 271,683
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (61,895)
Total	 209,788

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	ernmental ctivities
2008	\$ 74,113
2009	74,114
2010	 74,114
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 222,341
Less: amount representing interest	(19,126)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 203,215

F. Short-Term Financing

Under the general laws of the Commonwealth and with the appropriate local authorization the City is authorized to borrow funds on a temporary basis to (1) fund current operations prior to the collection of revenues, by issuing revenue anticipation notes, (2) fund grants prior to reimbursements, by issuing grant anticipation notes, and (3) fund capital projects costs incurred prior to selling permanent debt by issuing bond anticipation notes.

Details related to the short-term debt activity of the governmental and business-type activities are as follows:

		Final						
	Interest	Maturity		Balance	Renewed/	Retired/	Óи	tstanding
Purpose	Rate	Date	Jur	ne 30, 2006	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2007	
Governmental Activities:								
Bond Anticipation Notes:								
Parking	3.83%	03/28/07	\$	135,000	\$ -	\$ 135,000	\$	-
Forbes library	3.83%	03/28/07		455,000		455,000		w
Smith Vocational School	3.83%	03/28/07		100,000	-	100,000		-
Library remodeling	3.68%	03/28/07		278,438	-	278,438		=
DPW garage roof	3.68%	03/28/07		125,000	-	125,000		-
Drainage for Crescent Street	3.68%	03/28/07		160,000	÷	160,000		-
Salt shed construction	3.68%	03/28/07		73,600	-	73,600		-
School repaying - Ryan Road	3.68%	03/28/07		100,000	-	100,000		-
School repaying - Smith Vocational	3.68%	03/28/07		100,000		100,000		_
Computers - Smith Vocatonal	3.68%	03/28/07		50,000	-	50,000		-
Library remodeling	3.76%	03/28/07		105,000	-	105,000		-
Drainage for Crescent Street	3.76%	03/28/07		50,000	-	50,000		-
Salt shed construction	3.76%	03/28/07		100,000	-	100,000		-
School HVAC - Jackson Street	3.76%	03/28/07		70,000	-	70,000		Ę.
Front end loader	3.76%	03/28/07		120,000	-	120,000		-
Computers - Smith Vocatonal	3.76%	03/28/07		50,000	-	50,000		<u>.</u>
Senior center	3.76%	03/28/07		500,000	-	500,000		-
Library remodeling	3.80%	03/28/07		145,000	~	145,000		-
Drainage for Crescent Street	3.80%	03/28/07		80,000	_	80,000		• -
School HVAC - Jackson Street	3.80%	03/28/07		70,000	_	70,000		
Pölice vehicle	3.80%	03/28/07		29,000	<u></u>	29,000		-
Police closed cirucit TV	3.80%	03/28/07		49,500	_	49,500		-
Remodeling roof - Smith Vocationa	3.80%	03/28/07		60,000	_	60,000		
DPW infield grooming machine	3.80%	03/28/07		13,000	_	13,000		-
Cafeteria sytem	3.80%	03/28/07		30,000	-	30,000		-
Senior center	3.80%	03/28/07		500,000	_	500,000		-
Drainage for Crescent Street	3.68%	03/28/07		-	190,000	190,000		-
Shop remodelng - Smith Vocationa	3.68%	03/28/07		-	90,000	90,000		
School energy conservation	3.68%	03/28/07		-	60,000	60,000		-
Fire engine	3.68%	03/28/07			200,000	200,000		
Senior center	3.68%	03/28/07		-	350,000	350,000		-
School repaying - Smith Vocational	3.80%	03/28/07			100,000	100,000		-
Fire engine	3.80%	03/28/07		-	178,500	178,500		J
Senior center	3.80%	03/28/07		_	1,500,000	1,500,000		-
Roads and sidewalks	3.80%	03/28/07		_	100,000	100,000		-
Computers - Smith Vocatonal	3.80%	03/28/07		-	100,000	100,000		-
Jackson Street school boiler	3.88%	06/20/08		_	82,000	-		82,000
Police vehicle	3.88%	06/20/08		-	85,000	-		85,000
Ryan Road bridge	3.88%	06/20/08			125,000	-		125,000
Computers - Smith Vocational	3.88%	06/20/08		<u> </u>	50,000	<u> </u>		50,000
			\$	3,548,538	\$ 3,210,500	\$ 6,417,038	\$	342,000

Purpose	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2006	Renew Issue		Retired/ edeemed	tstanding ∋ 30, 2007
Business-Type Activities:								
Bond Anticipation Notes:								
Solid Waste Fund:								
Landfill	3.83%	03/28/07	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$ 150,000	\$ •
Water Fund:								
Massachusetts Water Polluiton								
Abatement Trust	1.63%	12/31/06		6,929,639			6,929,639	<u>-</u>
Total Business-type Activiities			\$	7,079,639	\$	-	\$ 7,079,639	\$

G. Long Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding of the governmental type fund are as follows:

		•	Final		Original		
	Interest	Date	Maturity		Amount	Qυ	tstanding
	Rate	Issued	Date		Issued		ne 30, 2007
Inside Debt:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Fire station	5.0-5.75%	10/15/99	10/15/18	\$	5,031,000	\$	825,000
Library building remodeling	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/19	\$	830,000		594,000
Building construction	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/07	\$	135,800		29,622
Library	4.25%	01/19/05	01/19/12	\$	350,000		250,000
Land acquisition	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23	\$	72,000		56,000
Building remodeling - school	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23	\$	767,000		679,000
Building remodeling - Feiker	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23		•		•
school				\$	145,000		87,000
Forbes library	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23	\$	35,000		25,000
Repairs to city buildings	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23	\$	40,000		30,000
Aerial lädder fire truck	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23	\$	720,500		570,000
Departmental equipment - school	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23	\$	37,000		17,000
Recreation facilities	Various	11/15/04	10/15/23	\$	45,000		35,000
Municipal Purpose Loan of 2007:				т	,		,
Departmental equipment	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/12	\$	769,500		769,500
Ryan Road/SVHS parking repaying	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/12	\$	425,000		425,000
Ridgewood Terrace sidewalks	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/12	\$	71,600		71,600
School energy	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/16	\$	60,000		60,000
SVHS shop computers	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/16	\$	300,000		300,000
Ridgewood Terrace roads	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/16	\$	173,400		173,400
Veteran's field skatepark	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/22	\$	140,000		140,000
Senior center	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/26	\$	3,910,000		3,910,000
Forbes library remodeling	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/26	\$	982,900		982,900
Schools and DPW garage remodeling	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/26	\$	415,000		415,000
DPW salt/sand shed	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/26	\$	173,600		173,600
Storm and surface drains	3.75-4.0%	03/15/07	03/15/26	\$	602,000		602,000
Refinanced:	3.75-4.076	03/13/07	00/10/20	Ψ	002.,000		002,000
Police land acquisition	Various	11/15/04	10/15/18	\$	229,000		195,000
Land acquisition - Gerogianna	Various	11/15/04	10/15/18	\$	76,000		76,000
Storm and surface drains	Various	11/15/04	10/15/18	\$	40,000		40,000
Fire station	Various	11/15/04	10/15/18	\$	2,325,000		2,315,000
Lilly Library - Additional expansion	4.75%	03/15/06	03/15/12	\$	73,000		60,000
Massachusetts Water Pollution	4.7570	03/13/00	03/13/12	Ψ	73,000		00,000
Abatement Trust:							
Title V Community Septic							
Management Program Bond	N/A	10/25/00	08/01/18	\$	93,837		62,555
Total Inside Debt	13073	10/20/00	00/01/10	Ψ	33,037		13,969,177
Total iliside Debt							10,000,111
Outside Debt:							
High school remodeling	5.17%	10/15/00	06/15/20	\$	21,610,000		3,240,000
High school roof replacement	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/17	\$	400,000		292,000
High school remodeling	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/19	\$	5,565,000		4,269,000
School project	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/09	\$	3,112,008		1,442,465
School project	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/09	\$	1,967,701		810,000
Refinanced:	010.0		00.01,00	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,
School project	Various	11/15/04	10/15/19	\$	18,508,000		17,594,000
Total Outside Debt	various			*	10,000,000		27,647,465
william with							
Total Governmental Type Debt						\$	41,616,642
••							

General obligation bonds currently outstanding of the business-type fund are as follows:

	Interest Rate	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Original Amount Issued	Outstanding June 30, 2007
Inside Debt:					
Sewer:					
Sewer	5.0%-5.8%	10/15/99	10/15/19	\$ 3,865,000	\$ 585,000
Sewer	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/09	\$ 370,129	193,165
Refinanced:					
Sewer	Various	11/15/04	10/15/19	\$ 2,539,000	2,516,000
Solid Waste:					
Landfill Planning	3.75-4.00%	03/15/07	03/15/16	\$ 150,000	150,000
Total Inside Debt					3,444,165
Outside Debt:					
Water:					
Water Mains	5.0%-5.8%	10/15/99	10/15/19	\$ 970,000	150,000
Water Improvement	3.40%	10/15/02	09/01/09	\$ 566,989	289,748
Water Filtration Plant	Various	11/15/04	10/15/24	\$ 1,000,000	901,000
Route 66 Water Mains	Various	11/15/04	10/15/24	\$ 775,000	695,000
Water	3.75-4.00%	03/15/07	03/15/26	\$ 1,100,000	1,100,000
Massachusetts Water Pollution					
Abatement Trust:					
Water Filtration Plant	2.00%	02/01/07	08/01/24	\$ 2,241,713	2,241,713
Water Filtration Plant	2.00%	12/14/06	07/15/26	\$ 9,612,283	9,612,283
Water Filtration Plant	2.00%	12/14/06	07/15/26	\$14,000,000	14,000,000
Refinanced:					
Water	Various	11/15/04	10/15/19	\$ 3,814,000	3,439,000
					32,428,744
Solid Waste:					
Refinanced:					
Landfill	Various	11/15/04	10/15/16	\$ 1,829,000	1,815,000
					1,815,000
Total Outside Debt					\$ 34,243,744
Total Business Type Debt					\$ 37,687,909

Future Debt Service

The annual principal and interest payments to retire all general obligation long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Governmental Type Activities

Year	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2008	\$ 4,454,104	\$ 1,787,764	\$ 6,241,868
2009	4,368,998	1,610,033	5,979,031
2010	4,212,625	1,433,522	5,646,147
2011	3,494,214	1,253,378	4,747,592
2012	3,247,214	1,109,400	4,356,614
2013-2017	13,827,063	3,404,172	17,231,235
2018-2022	6,724,424	795,272	7,519,696
2023-2026	1,288,000	123,284	1,411,284
	\$ 41,616,642	\$ 11,516,825	\$ 53,133,467

Business-Type Activities

Year	Principal	Interest			Total
2008	\$ 2,250,738	\$	1,022,972	\$	3,273,710
2009	2,311,197		992,114		3,303,311
2010	2,330,191		920,884		3,251,075
2011	2,121,705		854,028		2,975,733
2012	2,147,258		787,152		2,934,410
2013-2017	10,425,194		2,850,755		13,275,949
2018-2022	8,304,902		1,410,840		9,715,742
2023-2027	 7,796,724		410,555		8,207,279
	\$ 37,687,909	\$	9,249,300	\$	46,937,209

A summary of the changes in governmental activities and business-type long term debt during the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bond Payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$37,339,925	\$ 8,023,000	\$ 3,808,838	\$ 41,554,087	\$ 4,448,890
Massachusetts Water Pollution					
Abatement Trust bonds	67,769	-	5,214	62,555	5,214
Lease payable	124,610	147,073	68,468	203,215	64,693
Compensated absences	3,028,817	291,619	161,831	3,158,605	1,061,272
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$40,561,121	\$ 8,461,692	\$ 4,044,351	\$ 44,978,462	\$ 5,580,069
Business type activities: Bond Payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$12,248,074	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,664,161	\$ 11,833,913	\$ 1,226,109
Massachusetts Water Pollution					
Abatement Trust bonds	_	25,853,996	-	25,853,996	1,024,629
Compensated absences	152,018	10,649	6,804	155,863	98,397
Business-type activity long term Long-term liabilities	\$12,400,092	\$27,114,645	\$ 1,670,965	\$ 37,843,772	\$ 2,349,135

Advance Refunding

On November 15, 2004, the City advance refunded a general obligation bond issue with a general obligation refunding note. Of this issue, the City issued \$29,360,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to refund 1995 bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,250,000, the 1996 bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,985,000, the 1997 bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,895,000, the 1999 bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$10,800,000 and together with the 1995 refunded bonds, the 1996 refunded bonds, the 1997 refunded bonds and the 1999 refunded bonds. The refunded bonds achieved a total savings of approximately 56.63% or \$1,890,061. As a result, the refunded bonds, including the business-type bonds, are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the general obligation long-term debt and the business-type debt.

U. S. Bank National Association (the "escrow agent") has established a irrevocable trust fund designated the City of Northampton, Massachusetts Refunding Escrow Fund and moneys in the amount of \$31,453,283 have been set aside in the trust. The moneys in the refunding trust and any investments held as part of such fund shall be held in trust for the benefit of the owners of the refunded bonds and shall be applied by the Escrow Agent solely to the payment of the redemption price of and interest of the refunded bonds. These moneys will be used to purchase government obligations.

The balance, at market, of the refunding trust agreement at June 30, 2007 is \$15,922,111.

Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust

The City has borrowed moneys from the Water Pollution Abatement Project Bond Resolution (Pool Loan Program). Under this program the borrower shall receive, as a credit against the loan repayment then due on this bond, the loan subsidy amounts (earnings on the equity of the trust). The City currently has four loans as follows:

- a gross obligation of \$138,396 representing the gross principal and interest repayments amounts; of this loan subsidy amounts consists of \$44,559 resulting in a net loan repayment of \$93,837.
- -a gross obligation of \$3,287,701 representing the gross principal and interest repayments amounts; of this loan subsidy amounts consists of \$667,226 resulting in a net loan repayment of \$2,620,475.
- -a gross obligation of \$11,682,133 representing the gross principal and interest repayments amounts.
- -a gross obligation of \$16,933,765 representing the gross principal and interest repayments amounts.

The following is a summary of the activity of the Water Pollution Abatement Project Bond Resolution:

No. 97-1050	P	rincipal	Interest		Total	ess: Loan Subsidy Amount	Re	Net Loan payments
Initial Loan	1		 и,					
Obligation	\$	93,837	\$ 44,559	\$	138,396	\$ 44,559	\$	93,837
Repayments:								
Fiscal Year 2001		_	1,114		1,114	1,114		=
Fiscal Year 2002		5,213	4,073		9,286	4,073		5,213
Fiscal Year 2003		5,214	3,864		9,078	3,864		5,214
Fiscal Year 2004		5,214	3,656		8,870	3,656		5,214
Fiscal Year 2005		5,214	3,477		8,691	3,477		5,214
Fiscal Year 2006		5,213	3,239		8,452	3,239		5,213
Fiscal Year 2007		5,214	 3,004	4 522	8,218	3,004		5,214
	\$	62,555	\$ 22,132	\$	84,687	\$ 22,132	\$	62,555

No. DW-04-05A	Principal	Interest	Total	ess: Loan Subsidy Amount	R	Net Loan epayments
Initial Loan Obligation Repayments:	\$ 2,241,713	\$ 1,045,987	\$ 3,287,700	\$ 667,226	\$	2,620,474
2007	_	28,309	28,309	16,478		11,831
	\$ 2,241,713	\$ 1,017,678	\$ 3,259,391	\$ 650,748	\$	2,608,643

No. DW-04-05	Principal	Interest	Total	S	ss: Loan ubsidy mount	Net Loan Repayments
Initial Loan Obligation Repayments:	\$ 9,612,283	\$ 2,069,850	\$ 11,682,133	\$	_	\$ 11,682,133
None	-	_	_		_	
	\$ 9,612,283	\$ 2,069,850	\$ 11,682,133	\$	-	\$ 11,682,133

No. DW-05-18	Principal	Interest		Total	Less: L Subsi Amou	dy	Net Loan Repayments
Initial Loan Obligation Repayments:	\$ 14,000,000	\$ 2,933,765	\$ 1	6,933,765	\$	-	\$ 16,933,765
None	.	-		-		-	-
	\$ 14,000,000	\$ 2,933,765	\$ 1	6,933,765	\$	-	\$ 16,933,765

Legal Debt Limit

Under Section 10 of Chapter 44 of the Massachusetts General Laws, a City may authorize indebtedness up to a limit of 2 1/2 percent of the equalized valuation of the City. Debt issued in accordance with this section of the law is designated as being "inside the debt limit." The City's inside debt at June 30, 2007, totaled \$17,413,342.

In addition, the City is authorized to incur debt outside of that limit for specific purposes. Such debt, when issued, is designated as being "outside the debt limit."

The following is a computation of the legal debt limit as of June 30, 2007:

Equalized Valuation-Real Estate and Personal Property (2006)			\$	2,974,992,300
Debt Limit: 2.5 % of Equalized value			\$	74,374,808
Total Debt Outstanding				
Governmental Activity Debt	\$	41,616,642		
Less: Debt Outside Debt Limit		27,647,465	\$	13,969,177
Business-Type Activity Debt	\$	37,687,909	•	
Less: Debt Outside Debt Limit		34,243,744		3,444,165
	-		\$	17,413,342
Inside Debt Excess Borrowing Capacity at				
June 30, 2007			\$	56,961,466

Loans Authorized and Unissued - Memorandum Only

Under the general laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, a City must authorize debt at a City Council meeting. This authorized debt does not have to be actually issued at that time and remains authorized until the debt is actually issued or City Council votes to rescind the authorized debt.

The loan authorizations of the governmental activities as of June 30, 2007, which are not reflected in the City's financial statements are as follows:

Date			
Authorized	<u>Purpose</u>		<u>Amount</u>
04/07/05	City Departmental Equipment and Vehicles	\$	90,000
10/06/05	Energy Conservation and Alternative Energy Improvements to		
	School Department Buildings		70,000
11/03/05	Construction of a Senior Center		17,500
11/16/06	Extraordinary repairs to three schools as follows:		
	Jackson Street clock and public address system		50,000
	Bridge Street clock and public address system		50,000
	Smith Vocational High School fire alarm upgrade		40,000
	Smith Vocational High School thermostat replacement		40,000
11/16/06	Pavement resurfacing and sidewalk construction		180,000
11/16/06	Police vehicle replacements		85,000
11/16/06	Drainage construction and reconstruction		350,000
11/16/06	Ryan Road bridge reconstruction		125,000
11/16/06	Extraordinary repairs to the Jackson Street boilers		82,000
07/06/07	Extraordinary repairs to the Jackson Street boilers		25,000
		\$	1,204,500
		-	

The loan authorizations of the business-type activities as of June 30, 2007, which are not reflected in the City's financial statements are as follows:

Date			
<u>Authorized</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Amount</u>
	Solid Waste Fund:		
06/03/04	Extraordinary Repairs to the Landfill	\$	225,000
10/06/05	Engineering and Permitting Services for the Landfill		275,000
10/06/05	Engineering and Permitting Services for the Landfill		300,000
		\$	800,000

H. Stabilization Fund

Under Section 5B of Chapter 40 of the Massachusetts General Laws, the City may for the purpose of creating a stabilization fund appropriate in any year an amount not exceeding ten percent of the amount raised in the preceding year by taxation of real estate and tangible personal property or such larger amount as may be approved by the Emergency Finance Board. The aggregate amount in the fund at any time shall not exceed ten percent of the equalized valuation of the City and any interest shall be added to and become a part of the fund. The stabilization fund may be appropriated in a City by the City Council for any lawful purpose. At June 30, 2007, \$3,375,702 has been set aside in a stabilization fund, which is classified as a major fund in the governmental funds financial statements.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City has obtained a variety of commercial liability insurance policies which passes the risk of loss listed above to independent third parties.

Settlement claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. City Council Votes - Fiscal Year 2008

The financial statements of the City of Northampton as of June 30, 2007 do not reflect the fiscal year 2008 budget approved by the City Council on June 21, 2007, with the exception of Unreserved Fund Balance-Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures and Reserved Retained Earnings as described below. The City Council has authorized a fiscal year 2008 operating and capital budget as follows:

Governmental Funds:	
From Tax Levy	\$ 61,705,711
From Parking Meter Receipts	1,235,453
From Community Preservation Funds	1,370,000
From Business-Type Funds:	
Sewer fund receipts	1,388,264
Water fund receipts	590,844
Solid waste fund receipts	794,612
From Other Available Funds:	
Major Funds:	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures:	
General fund -	
Unreserved fund balance (Free cash)	50,000
Stabilization fund	1,321,070
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures:	
Sale of cemetery lots	5,000
Cemetery perpetual care funds	40,000
Conservation wetlands fees	4,100
Municipal waterways fund	4,100
Community preservation fund	8,172
Parking meter reserves and passes	50,000
Receipts reserved for payment of debt	50,000
	\$ 68,617,326
Business Type-Funds:	
From sewer receipts	\$ 3,972,921
From sewer capital reserves	352,000
	\$ 4,324,921
From water receipts	\$ 4,428,171
From water capital reserves	500,000
From water retained earnings	1,558,441
	\$ 6,486,612
From solid waste receipts	\$ 3,173,278

C. Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

Various cases are pending against the City at June 30, 2007. The amount of the claims cannot be estimated at the present time. As a result, the potential loss, if any on these claims has not been recorded on the financial statements.

Federal Financial Assistance

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state agencies in the form of grants and entitlements. Expenditures of funds under these programs require compliance with the grant agreements and are subject to audit procedures prescribed under the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits become a liability of the City.

The outcome of lawsuits and any findings with respect to disallowed expenditures is not expected to materially affect the financial condition of the City.

D. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Cost - Northampton Regional Sanitary Landfill

The City of Northampton operates and owns a landfill. The City landfill is operating under a permit dated January 11, 1994 issued by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection. The permit is an authorization to operate the Phase 2 Expansion of the landfill. Phase 3 has begun to be constructed with the City providing authorization to borrow in the amount of \$3,680,000. The estimated useful life of the facility is 13.4 years from the date of the permit at an estimated filling rate of 110 tons a day.

The City received a grant in the amount of \$5,656,912 from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for Phase 1 and Phase 2 of the construction of the landfill. The total cost of Phases 1, 2 and 3 was \$11,187,743 including City funds. Sixty percent of the grant is a no interest loan with repayment of the loan to begin no later than one year after completion of the construction of the facility at a quarterly payment of \$94,281.86.

The City completed Phase 4 in fiscal year 2003. The final cost of phase 4 was \$1,600,000.

In fiscal year 2004, the capping of cell 1 was completed. A contract in the amount of \$734.810 had been awarded for the construction of Phase 4.

As a requirement of the grant the City must make the following financial assurances:

Operational Fund - The City shall provide adequate financial assurances to ensure that adequate funds will be available to maintain and operate the facility on a day-to-day basis through the use of an operational fund.

Closure Fund - The City must establish a "landfill closure fund" to be funded through a phased-in schedule as follows:

Fiscal Years 1991 - 1993	\$50,000 per year
Fiscal Years 1994 - 1995	\$75,000 per year
Fiscal Year 1996	\$100,000 per year
Fiscal Years 1997 - 2003	\$125,000 per year

On June 30, 2007 the landfill closure fund is maintained in the solid waste business-type fund in the amount of \$2,716,270 of which the balance consists of \$3,819,559 in

appropriated amounts; \$1,260,992 from the solid waste enterprise fund, \$68,959 in expenditures; \$2,810,000 in transfers out and \$514,678 in interest earnings.

The City has reflected \$893,997 as the estimate of the landfill maintenance and monitoring costs as a liability at June 30, 2007, in the business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. The amount is based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all future post closure care. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

E. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Northampton Contributory Retirement Board. Substantially, all employees are members of the System, except for public school teachers and administrators who are members of Commonwealth of Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System to which the City does not contribute. Pension benefits and administrative expenses paid by the Teachers' Retirement Board are the legal responsibility of the Commonwealth. The amount of these on-behalf payments totaled approximately \$6,253,574 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, and, accordingly, are reported in the general fund as intergovernmental revenues and employee benefit expenditures.

The System provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. Cost of living adjustments granted between 1981 and 1987, and any increases in other benefits imposed by the Commonwealth's state law during those years are borne by the Commonwealth and are deposited into the pension fund. Cost-of-living adjustments granted after 1997 must be approved by the Northampton Retirement Board and are borne by the System. The System issues a publicly available unaudited financial report in accordance with guidelines established by the Commonwealth's PERAC. That report may be obtained by contacting the System located at 210 Main Street. City Hall, Northampton, Massachusetts.

At December 31, 2006, the System's membership consists of the following:

Active Members	674
Inactive Members	62
Retired Members, Beneficiaries and Survivors	331
	1,067

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute to the System at rates ranging from 5% to 11% of annual covered compensation. The City is required to pay into the System its share of the

system-wide actuarial determined contribution that is apportioned among the employers based on active current payroll. Administrative expenses are funded through investment earnings. The current and two preceding fiscal years apportionment of the annual pension cost between the employers required the City to contribute 96% of the total. Chapter 32B of the Massachusetts General Laws governs the contributions of plan members and the City.

The City's contribution to the System for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 is shown below, which equaled its required contribution for each fiscal year.

Year Ended June 30	City's Contribution	n
2007	\$ 3,409,47	⁷ 5
2006	3,294,18	37
2005	2,992,23	34

The following schedules are presented in accordance with the GASB No. 25.

Schedule of Funding Progress (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Vale of Assets (A)	<i>P</i> Lial	ctuarial accrued pility (AAL) intry Aid (B)		Infunded AAL (UAAL) (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((B-A)/C)
01/01/05	\$ 56,569	\$	90,828	\$	34,259	62%	\$ 18,120	189%
01/01/05 01/01/03	 56,569 51,244	\$ \$	90,828 83,270	\$ \$	34,259 32,026	62% 62%	\$ 18,120 \$ 18,226	189% 176%

The required information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. The last actuarial valuation was prepared by the Stone Consulting, Inc. as of January 1, 2005. The actuarial cost method of the plan has been determined in accordance with the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75 % a year compounded annually, (b) projected salary, including longevity, increases of 4.50% a year per member.

Reporting Policies

The funds of the Northampton Employees Retirement System are accounted for under the accrual basis. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenditures are accrued and investments are amortized to value. The books are maintained on a calendar year basis from January 1st to December 31st in accordance with the standards and

procedures outlined by the Commissioner of the Public Employees Retirement Administration.

Investments are reported in accordance with PERAC requirements.



CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2007

	Fur -	Fund Balances	Douglas	(C)		Other Financing	Fund Balances
Special Devenue:	⁵	200= (1 612	Continuo		ı	ı	oane oo, 2001
Federal and State Grants:							
School Grants	ક્ક	570,882 \$	2,718,311	\$ 2,845,984	4	ı	\$ 443,209
Academy of Music Renovations Grants		11,228	ı		1	ı	11,228
Arts Lottery Council Grants		10,773	32,460	42,853	က္က	1	380
Community Development Grants		6)308	2,616,767	2,616,796	စ္အ	ì	9,280
Council on Aging Grants		54,753	36,400	63,181	Σ.	ı	27,972
DHCD Priority Development Fund		12,058	9,932	7,275	'n	ı	14,715
Disaster Relief and Hazard Grants		23,361	•	57,191	_	Į	(33,830)
Highway Grants		105	1,144,580	1,144,581	Σ.	t	104
Library Grants		135,077	262,963	397,389	တ္တ	ı	651
National Park Service Grant		,	96,004	96,004	4	,	1
Other Programs and Grants		36,157	50,000	17,426	9	ı	68,731
Public Safety Grants		144,489	227,722	262,490	0	1	109,721
Rail Trail Grants		55,218	4,100	1,600	S	ı	57,718
Recycling Grants		5,818	37,500	8,231	<u>~</u>	t	35,087
Schools:							
School Lunch Revolving		130,962	822,816	935,831	7	49,725	67,672
School Lunch Commodities			33,871	33,871	"-	ı	•
Revolving Accounts		471,397	630,938	678,552	Ŋ	(49,725)	374,058
School Choice		1,873,498	1,212,709	1,040,273	က	ı	2,045,934
E-Rate Telecommunications Reimbursements		15,559	38,534	19,961	72	ı	34,132
Grant Indirect Expenses		76,641	33,758	32,633	ಬ	ı	77,766
MTC Solar Project		47,950	45,000	93,939	တ္ဆ	1	(686)
Privately Funded Grants		2,412	43,470	59,842	24	ı	(13,960)
State Special Education Reimbursement Fund		269,316	571,658	400,000	õ	İ	440,974
Other:							
Accrued Interest and Premiums on Loans		ı	69,277	55,114	4	(14,163)	1
Ambulance Fund		191,177	478,100		•	(385,800)	283,477
Athletic Leagues Revolving Fund		126,869	174,025	170,339	<u>ე</u>	1	130,555
Cable Access Studio		125,000	81,440	202,015	2	•	4,425
Comcast Internet Equipment		10,000	ı			•	10,000
Community Preservation Fund		, I	724,948		1	1	724,948
Compost Revolving Fund		20	1		1	Ī	20
Connecticut River Channel Markers		10,036	19,128	12,983	- 1	1	16,181
Total Page 64	€9	4,420,065 \$	12,216,411	\$ 11,296,354	\$	(399,963)	\$ 4,940,159

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2007

	ריים קר מיים בין	Fund Balances July 1, 2006	~	Revenues	Expenditures	Other F Source	Other Financing Fr Sources (Uses) J	Fund Balances June 30, 2007
Continued from Page 64	€9	4,420,065	G	12,216,411	\$ 11,296,354	·	\$ (896,668)	4,940,159
Special Revenue (continued):								
Other (continued):								
Conservation Funds		10,293		8,274	9,087		(2,000)	7,480
Council on Aging Revolving Funds		24,043		24,571	19,614		ı	29,000
Dog Revolving Fund		(1,188)		200	2,771		•	(3,459)
Dog Refund		62,695		t			ı	62,695
Downtown Parking Reserve		55,787		ı			•	55,787
Feiker School Rental Revolving		31,779		53,109	54,883			30,005
Fire Department Revolving Funds		207,653		185,609	251,889			141,373
Fire Outside Detail		(26,070)		22,972	18,973		•	(22,071)
Firearms Licenses Revolving		2,700		19,288	19,213		ı	2,775
Florence Community Center Revolving		17,457		96,664	92,995		,	21,126
Giffs & Donations		154,431		234,863	194,428		•	194,866
Handicapped Fund		4,306		ı	·		1	4,306
Hazardous Waste Revolving		551		•			ı	551
Innovative Enterprises Fund		3,000		1			•	3,000
Insurance Reimbursements		139		ı				139
Internet Access and Technology		ı		81,692	74		ı	81,618
J.F.K. Family and Aquatics Center Fund		23,718		88,394	98,876		,	13,236
Juvenile Firesetter Intervention Program		(4,886)		ı	·		1	(4,886)
Keg Tag Forfeit Revolving		468		•	·		1	468
Maintenance of School Buildings Revolving Fund		8,777		37,790	29,182	•	1	17,385
Municipal Waterways Fund		2,836		4,402			(2,000)	5,238
Northampton State Hospital Marketing		1,356		B	r		1	1,356
One Family Homelessness Grant		1		10,000			1	10,000
Parking Meter Reserves and Passes		756,401		187,086			(279,663)	663,824
Police Court Time		7,268		1			1	7,268
Police Outside Detail		53,188		296,455	275,687		1	73,956
Public Works Grants Projects Revolving		74,391		2,000	74,477		1	1,914
Receipts Reserved for Payment of Debt		179,927		1			(000'06)	89,927
Recreation Revolving		40,033		158,222	151,236	-	ı	47,019
Sale of Cemetery Lots		19,750		8,400			(4,850)	23,300
Total Page 65	↔	6,130,868	€9	13,736,702	\$ 12,589,739	49	(778,476)	6,499,355

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2007

	Fund E July	Fund Balances July 1, 2006	Revenues	Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Fund Balances June 30, 2007
Continued from Page 65	69	6.130.868 \$	13.736.702	\$ 12.589.739	\$ (778.476)	\$ 6,499,355
Special Revenue (continued):						
Other (continued):						
Sale of Land		436,497	•	ř	•	436,497
Sale of Lumber		234,469	1	1	•	234,469
Septic Repair Loan Repayments		60,118	7,584	8,218	•	59,484
Stormwater Management		5,833	29,231	21,686	•	13,378
Affordable Housing Fund		411	280	•	•	691
Conservation Land Purchase Fund		107,484	845,797	775,100	,	178,181
Drug Forfeiture Fund		5,295	35,257	11,996	1	28,556
E. Lyman Fund		8	2	E	1	36
Hampton Gardens Fund		462,086	18,387	190,623	•	289,850
Library Fund		59,647	3,574	•	r	63,221
Park Street Improvements Fund		2,445	182	l	1	2,627
Smith Vocational High School Fund		392,366	21,683	•	(190,000)	224,049
Total Special Revenue Funds		,897,553	14,698,679	13,597,362	(968,476)	8,030,394
Capital Projects:						
City Hall Exterior Upgrades		23,456	1	13,800	1	9,656
Crescent Street Drainage		(294,102)	ı	94,601	537,000	148,297
Department of Public Works Roof		(125,000)	L	ı	125,000	
Department of Public Works Salt Shed		(173,600)	ı	ľ	173,600	
Department of Public Works Street Resurfacing		ı	ı	10,312	1	(10,312)
Elm Street Drainage Repair		4,507	ı	1	t	4,507
Fire Department Aerial Platform Tower		1,868	ı	1,868		
Fire Department Custom Pumper		61,643	•	1	(61,643)	
Fire Department Fire Engine		ı	l	378,500	378,500	
Food Services Van		26	ı	ı	F	26
Forbes Library Renovations		(876,800)	•	47,234	982,867	58,833
Front End Loader		(119,967)	ı	33	120,000	
Garage Payment System		(135,000)	1	1	135,000	
Infield Grooming Machine		(13,000)	1	1	13,000	
Jackson Street HVAC System		(20,094)	45,847	87,425	140,000	78,328
Total Page 66	\$	(1,666,063) \$	45,847	\$ 633,773	\$ 2,543,324	\$ 289,335

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2007

	Fund Balances July 1, 2006	Revenues	Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Fund Balances June 30, 2007
Continued from Page 66	\$ (1,666,063) \$	\$ 45,847	\$ 633,773	\$ 2,543,324	\$ 289,335
Capital Projects (continued):					
Jackson Street Boiler Burner Replacement	1	23,662	81,584	ŧ	(57,922)
Police Vehicle Replacements	(29,000)	•	45	29,000	(45)
Police Close Circuit Television System	1	ı	49,500	49,500	•
New Fire Station Construction	3,010	•	1	1	3,010
Northampton Public Schools Energy Conservation	1	27,955	55,900	60,000	32,055
Northampton Public Schools Point-of-Sale Systems	t	1	21,728	30,000	8,272
Northampton Senior Center	(488,082)	•	3,421,918	3,910,000	1
Ridgewood Terrance Project	1	ļ	258,555	310,000	51,445
Ryan Road Bridge Repairs	1	ı	80,411	1	(80,411)
Ryan Road Parking Lot	(100,000)	,	79,405	325,000	145,595
Sewer Septic Work	2,988	•	1	•	2,988
Smith Vocational High School E Building Roof	•	i	34,950	000'09	25,050
Smith Vocational High School Cosmetology Shop	•	ı	66,849	90,000	23,151
Smith Vocational High School New Boilers	359	ı	ı	1	359
Smith Vocational High School Parking Lot	(100,000)	ı	•	100,000	ı
Smith Vocational High School Shop Equipment	(168,432)	ı	131,568	300,000	ı
Tree Truck Replacement	,	r	128,967	140,000	11,033
Veterans Field Improvements	•	-	140,000	140,000	ŀ
Total Capital Projects	(2,545,220)	97,464	5,185,153	8,086,824	453,915
Perpetual Permanent Funds:					
Cemetery Perpetual Care Funds	612,806	14,800			627,606
Permanent Funds: Cemetery Funds	106,187	46,873	1	(5,150)	147,910
Total Man Marie Canada	8.074.908	4 247 246	48 780 K1E	\$ 7 43 108	4 0 750 875
lotal non-major Governmental Funds	- 11				

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES, ROLLBACK TAXES, DEFERRED PROPERTY TAXES AND COMMUNITY PRESERVATION SURCHARGE JULY 1, 2006 TO JUNE 30, 2007

	=	Uncollected			Δhat	Ahatements	2	Collections Net	=	lincollected	Unc	Uncollected Taxes
	, n	Taxes July 1, 2006	ပိ	Commitments	Adjus	and Adjustments	Ş P Ş	of Refunds and Overpayments	, n	Taxes June 30, 2007	Pe June	Per Detail June 30, 2007
Real Ectate Taxes												
Levy of 2007	↔	•	₩	33,760,353	69	350,229	G	32,809,315	€>	608'009	63	600,809
Levy of 2006		489,505		ı		141,803		320,368		27,334		27,334
Levy of 2005		48,551		r		29,273		19,278		•		1
Prior Years		1		1		1,012		(1,012)		-		-
		538,056		33,760,353		522,317		33,147,949		628,143		628,143
Personal Property Taxes:												
Levy of 2007		1		702,047		8,711		675,785		17,551		17,551
Levy of 2006		17,778		l		376		3,596		13,806		13,806
Levy of 2005		11,939		1		1		1,196		10,743		10,743
Levy of 2004		15,363		ı				554		14,809		14,809
Levy of 2003		160,109		ı		•		536		159,573		159,551
Prior Years		171,394		1				513		170,881		170,829
		376,583		702,047		9,087		682,180		387,363		387,289
Total Real Estate and		,	•	;	,		•		4			1
Personal Property Taxes	&	914,639	↔	34,462,400	s e	531,404	es l	33,830,129	S	1,015,506	φ.	1,015,432
Rollhack Taxes	€5	8.300	€.	5.645	es:	ı	69	12.365	₩.	1.580	€9	1.580
	.		·						.	7		
Deferred Property Taxes	\$	112,910	₩	-	\$	(38,063)	ω	20,670	₩	130,303	↔	130,303
Community Preservation Surcharge												
Levy of 2007	₩	1	↔	732,117	€9	17,901	₩.	703,132	₩	11,084	⇔	11,084

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF MOTOR VEHICLE EXCISE AND BOAT EXCISE TAXES JULY 1, 2006 TO JUNE 30, 2007

										i	
	Ω	Uncollected			Abatements		Colle	Collections Net	Uncollected	ס	Taxes
		Taxes			and	p	of Re	of Refunds and	Taxes		Per Detail
	בל	July 1, 2006	ပ္ပိ	Commitments	Adjustments	nents	Over	Overpayments	June 30, 2007		June 30, 2007
Motor Vehicle Excise Taxes:											
Levy of 2007	()	ı	↔	1,999,189	€9	55,965	€9	1,785,260	\$ 157,964	964 \$	156,612
Levy of 2006		193,945		234,944		30,912		346,125	51,852	352	51,709
Levy of 2005		46,446		464		14,292		3,917	28,701	701	28,689
Levy of 2004		23,344		30		765		3,553	19,056	.56	19,031
Levy of 2003		16,430		Î		ı		1,996	14,434	134	14,542
Prior Years		641,022		95		191		3,671	637,255	255	632,533
		921,187		2,234,722	1	102,125		2,144,522	909,262	262	903,116
Boat Excise Taxes:											
Levy of 2007		•		12,001		1,259		7,866	2,8	2,876	2,876
Levy of 2006		1,450		I		202		497	,	751	751
Levy of 2005		930		ı		20		366	*	514	514
Levy of 2004		933		ij		ì		50	w	883	883
Levy of 2003		1,707		1		1		ţ	1,7	1,707	1,659
Prior Years		28,600		I		r		24	28,576	929	28,478
		33,620		12,001		1,511		8,803	35,307	307	35,161
Iotal Motor Vehicle Excise and Boat Excise	₩	954,807	↔	2,246,723	\$	103,636	↔	2,153,325	\$ 944,569	\$ 699	938,277

CITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF TAX LIENS AND TAXES IN LITIGATION JULY 1, 2006 TO JUNE 30, 2007

	5 7 5	Uncollected Accounts July 1, 2006 Commitments	Com	mitments		nts nts	Abatements Collections Net Uncollected and of Refunds and Accounts Adjustments Overpayments June 30, 2007	Net and nts	Uncollected Accounts June 30, 200	ected unts), 2007	Unc Ac June	Uncollected Accounts Per Detail June 30, 2007
Tax Liens	⇔	558,673	↔	558,673 \$ 245,034 \$		072	39,072 \$ 244,8	98	244,896 \$ 519,739 \$	19,739	ώ	519,739
Taxes in Litigation	↔	6,794 \$	↔	ı	÷	1	₩.		÷	6,794 \$	↔	6,794